- 1 Chapter 6 ALCOHOLIC LIQUOR[1]
- 2 Footnotes:
- 3 --- (**1**) ---
- 4 State Law reference— Powers of home rule units, Ill. Const. art.
- 5 VII, § 6; The Liquor Control Act of 1934, 235 ILCS 5/1-1 et seq.
- 6 ARTICLE I. IN GENERAL
- 7 Sec. 6-1. Title.
- 8 This chapter shall be known, cited and referred to as "The
- 9 Aurora Liquor Control Ordinance."
- 10 (Code 1969, § 6-1; Ord. No. 086-5553, § 2, 9-2-86; Ord. No. 018-
- 11 027, 3-13-18)
- 12 Sec. 6-2. Definitions.
- 13 All words and phrases used in this chapter, not otherwise
- 14 defined herein, and which are defined in The Liquor Control Act
- 15 of 1934 [235 ILCS 5/1-1 et seq.] as now or hereafter amended,
- 16 shall have the meaning accorded to such words and phrases in
- 17 such act. Unless the context otherwise requires, the following
- 18 terms as used in this chapter shall be construed according to
- 19 the definitions given below:
- 20 Adjacent premises means any land or parking area under the
- 21 control of the licensee which is used incidentally to said
- 22 licensed business.
- 23 Adult magazine, book, poster, or electronic media means items
- 24 containing pictures, video, or audio of any or all of the
- 25 following:

- 1 (1) The acts, or simulated acts, of sexual intercourse,
 2 masturbation, sodomy, bestiality, oral copulation,
 3 flagellation or any sexual acts;
- 4 (2) Breasts, buttocks, anus, pubic hair, vulva, or genitals.
- 5 <u>Alcohol related public nuisance activity means a public</u>
- 6 nuisance activity that occurs on or within five hundred (500)
- 7 feet of an alcoholic liquor establishment where a law
- 8 enforcement officer determines that the alcoholic liquor
- 9 establishment provided alcoholic liquor to a person involved in
- 10 a public nuisance activity within the preceding three (3) hours.
- 11 Alcoholic liquor means any spirits, wine, beer, ale or other
- 12 liquor containing more than one-half of one (0.5) percent of
- 13 alcohol by volume, which is fit for beverage purposes.
- 14 Banquet hall means a commercial location where banquet meals
- 15 are served, either exclusively or in conjunction with a
- 16 restaurant business; including service of food for consumption
- 17 at tables of a full multiple course meal, hors d'oeuvres, buffet
- 18 or smorgasbord, and at which alcoholic liquor may be served as
- 19 incidental to such food service.
- 20 Bar area means a separated area of a restaurant that consists
- 21 of the physical bar used for service and/or consumption of
- 22 alcoholic beverages, the chairs abutting the bar, and an area of
- 23 thirty-six (36) inches beyond the table edge of the bar(s).
- 24 Beer means any alcoholic beverage obtained through the
- 25 alcoholic fermentation of an infusion or concoction of barley,
- 26 or other grain, malt and hops in water, and includes among other
- 27 things, beer, ale, stout, lager beer, porter and the like.
- 28 BYOB or bring your own bottle shall mean the practice of
- 29 allowing patrons of a restaurant or other business inviting

- 1 public patronage to bring and consume alcoholic liquor on the
- 2 licensed premises.
- 3 Cater or catering is a person, corporation, partnership,
- 4 limited liability company or other business entity which
- 5 services alcoholic liquor for consumption as an incidental part
- 6 of food and beverage service that serves meals off site of a
- 7 licensed premises or a restaurant.
- 8 Club means a corporation organized under the laws of this
- 9 state, not for pecuniary profit, solely for the promotion of
- 10 some common object other than the sale and consumption of
- 11 alcoholic liquors which conforms to the definition of a club in
- 12 section 1-3.24 of the Illinois Revised Statutes [235 ILCS 5/1-
- 13 3.241.
- 14 Commercial area means a retail building or buildings with at
- 15 least fifteen thousand (15,000) square feet of commercial retail
- 16 space.
- 17 Downtown means the Downtown Core and the Downtown Fringe, as
- 18 defined in the zoning ordinance.
- 19 Entertainment area means a separated area in which
- 20 performances including, but not limited to any live acts, dance
- 21 floors, recorded vocal, instrumental or spoken word soloists or
- 22 groups, disc jockeys, either floor-level or raised stages, pool
- 23 tables and/or other amusement devices.
- 24 Facade means the exterior wall of a building, from the ground
- 25 to the roof line. For the purposes of this chapter, a roof
- 26 varying no more than forty-five (45) degrees from the vertical
- 27 plane shall be considered part of the facade.
- 28 Florist means any business used, kept, maintained, and
- 29 advertised to the public as a retailer of floral items.

Fraternal society or lodge means any organization that 1 operates under the "lodge system" and carries on its activities 2 3 under a form of organization largely self-governing, called like. lodges, chapters or the Such organization shall 4 organized solely for the promotion of some common object other 5 than the sale and consumption of alcoholic liquor. It shall be 6 organized under the laws of the state or have an affiliation, or 7 charter with a national organization. 8

9 Golf course/clubhouse means a public or private golf course with a clubhouse having facilities used, kept and maintained as 10 a place where food is served, such space being provided with 11 adequate and sanitary kitchen and dining room equipment and 12 capacity and having employed therein a sufficient number and 13 kind of employees to prepare, cook and serve suitable food for 14 its guests. 15

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Hotel (full service) means any building or other structure kept, used, maintained, advertised and held out to the public to be a place where food is actually served and consumed, and sleeping accommodations are offered for adequate pay travelers and guests, in which twenty-four (24) or more rooms 20 are used for the sleeping accommodations of such guests and having one (1) or more public dining rooms where meals are 22 served to such guests, such sleeping accommodations and dining 23 24 rooms being conducted in the same building or buildings in connection therewith and such building or buildings, structure or structures being provided with adequate and sanitary kitchen and dining room equipment and capacity. Such hotel must have 27 received a certificate of registration pursuant to the hotel occupancy tax requirements of section 44-193 of the Code of Ordinances and each sleeping room shall have an individually 30 accessible, private full bathroom. 31

- 1 Hotel (limited service) means any building or other structure
- 2 that meets all requirements of the definition of "hotel (full
- 3 service)" other than having a dining room or a kitchen on the
- 4 premises.
- 5 Licensed premises means any building, portion of a building
- 6 and secured enclosed area used by the licensee in the operation
- 7 of the licensed business.
- 8 Limousine means a motor vehicle of the first division with
- 9 the passenger compartment enclosed by a partition or dividing
- 10 window used in the for-hire transportation of passengers and
- 11 operated by an individual in possession of a valid Illinois
- 12 driver's license of the appropriate classification.
- 13 Lounge area means an enclosed or separated area, in a liquor
- 14 licensed restaurant or hotel, set aside primarily for the sale
- 15 and consumption of alcoholic beverages, in which entertainment
- 16 may be provided and/or a dance floor or raised stage may be
- 17 installed.
- 18 Motor home, mini motor home means a self-contained motor
- 19 vehicle, not used commercially, designed or permanently
- 20 converted to provide living quarters for recreational, camping,
- 21 or travel use, with direct walk through access to living
- 22 quarters from the driver's seat. Such vehicles must include at
- 23 least four (4) of the following:
- 24 a. A cooking facility with an on-board fuel source;
- b. A gas or electric refrigerator;
- 26 c. A toilet with exterior evacuation;
- 27 d. A heating or air conditioning system with an on-board
- 28 power or fuel source separate from the vehicle engine;

- 1 e. A potable water supply system that includes at least a
- sink, a faucet, and a water tank with an exterior service
- 3 supply connection;
- f. A 110-125 volt electric power supply.
- 5 Nuisance activity means any of the following activities,
- 6 behaviors, or conduct as defined by federal, state or municipal
- 7 statute and/or ordinance where a citation is given, an arrest
- 8 made or a violation has been documented: licensed establishment
- 9 upon which two or more violations with convictions, have
- 10 occurred within a one year period of any law or ordinance
- 11 concerning one (1) or more of the following activities,
- 12 behaviors, or conduct defined by federal, state or municipal
- 13 statute and/or ordinance, including, but not limited to:
- 14 (1) Mob action.
- 15 (2) Unlawful assembly.
- 16 (3) Assault.
- 17 (4) Battery.
- 18 (5) Unlawful use or possession of weapons or firearms.
- 19 (6) Unlawful discharge of a firearm.
- 20 (7) Prostitution.
- 21 (8) Soliciting or patronizing a prostitute.
- 22 (9) Keeping a house of prostitution.
- 23 (10) Pandering.
- 24 (11) Obscenity.
- 25 (12) Sexual assault and sexual abuse.
- 26 (13) Public indecency.
- 27 (14) Disorderly conduct.

- 1 (15) Unlawful production, sale, distribution, possession, or
- 2 use of cannabis.
- 3 (16) Illegal gambling.
- 4 (17) Keeping or maintaining a place of illegal gambling.
- 5 (18) Unlawful possession of gambling devices.
- 6 (19) Arson.
- 7 (20) Criminal damage to property.
- 8 (21) Illegal consumption, sale, or possession of alcohol.
- 9 (22) Theft.
- 10 (23) Interference with public/peace officer.
- 11 (24) Harassment.
- 12 (25) Indecent exposure.
- 13 (26) Building and Zoning violations.
- 14 (27) Loitering.
- 15 (28) Unlawful possession, sale, distribution, or use of
- fireworks.
- 17 (29) Aiding and abetting.
- 18 (30) Conspiracy.
- 19 (31) Drug paraphernalia.
- 20 (32) Violations of any animal regulations.
- 21 (33) Any violation of 720 ILCS.
- 22 (34) Any violation of chapter 29 of the Aurora Code of
- 23 Ordinances.
- Original package shall mean any bottle, flask, jug, can,
- 25 cask, barrel, keg, hogshed or other receptacle or container of
- 26 whatsoever kind, used, corked or capped, sealed and labeled by

- 1 the manufacturer of alcoholic liquor to contain and to convey
- 2 any alcoholic liquor.
- 3 Pay per view event means televised events which are paid for
- 4 by the licensee per such event.
- 5 Private party is an event where attendance is by invitation
- 6 only, the host controls access to the premises, and alcoholic
- 7 beverages are provided to invited guests at no charge.
- 8 Public place means any street, sidewalk, park, alley,
- 9 dedicated public right-of-way or area of a business where the
- 10 public is invited.
- 11 Restaurant means any business, or type of food service
- 12 establishment, that is primarily engaged in the sale of ready-
- 13 to-eat food for immediate consumption. For the purpose of this
- 14 definition, "primarily engaged" means having sales of ready-to-
- 15 eat food for immediate consumption comprising at least fifty-one
- 16 (51) percent of the total sales, excluding the sale of liquor.
- 17 Riverboat facility means any building in the downtown which
- 18 contains one (1) or more lounges and restaurants and which is
- 19 operated as the boarding facility for one (1) or more riverboats
- 20 licensed under the Riverboat Gambling Act (230 ILCS 10/1 et
- 21 seq.)
- 22 Sale (to sell) shall mean any transfer or exchange in any
- 23 manner or by any means whatsoever for direct or indirect
- 24 consideration, and including all sales made by any person,
- 25 whether as principal, proprietor, agent, servant or employee,
- 26 includes, but is not limited to, all of the following acts:
- 27 (1) The selling of alcoholic liquor;
- 28 (2) The giving away of alcoholic liquor;
- 29 (3) The dispensing of alcoholic liquor;

- 1 (4) The providing of mix, ice, water or glasses for consumption of alcoholic liquor on premises;
- 3 (5) The pouring of alcoholic liquor;
- 4 (6) The providing of setups containing alcoholic liquor;
- 5 (7) The storage of any alcoholic liquor.
- 6 Shopping center means a group of primarily retail
- 7 establishments which were planned, constructed or approved via
- 8 final plan to be constructed, with at least twenty thousand
- 9 (20,000) square feet already complete, and are managed as a
- 10 total entity with customer and employee parking provided for on-
- 11 site. It must occupy at least four (4) acres of land and have at
- 12 least forty thousand (40,000) square feet of gross leasable
- 13 space.
- 14 Spirits shall mean any beverage which contains alcohol
- 15 obtained by distillation, mixed with water or other substance in
- 16 solution and includes brandy, rum, whisky, gin or other
- 17 spirituous liquors and such liquors when rectified, blended or
- 18 otherwise mixed with alcohol or other substances.
- 19 Theatrical-arts facility means any business used, kept,
- 20 maintained, and advertised as a theater, comedy club, or acting
- 21 school, in which performances are scheduled and held including,
- 22 but not limited to, any live acts, recorded vocal, instrumental
- 23 or spoken word soloists or groups.
- 24 Wine means any alcoholic beverage obtained through the
- 25 fermentation of the natural contents of fruits, or vegetables,
- 26 containing sugar, including such beverages when fortified by the
- 27 addition of alcohol or spirits, as above defined.
- 28 (Code 1969, § 6-2; Ord. No. 086-5553, § 2, 9-2-86; Ord. No. 087-
- 29 5622, § 1, 1-17-87; Ord. No. 089-66, § 1, 7-5-89; Ord. No. 093-

- 1 45, § 1, 6-1-93; Ord. No. 093-62, § 1, 8-3-93; Ord. No. 094-91,
- 2 § 1, 9-6-94; Ord. No. 096-74, § 1, 6-25-96; Ord. No. 098-100, §
- 3 1, 11-10-98; Ord. No. 002-158, § 1, 12-10-02; Ord. No. 008-24, §
- 4 1, 3-25-08; Ord. No. 008-105, § 1, 11-4-08; Ord. No. 010-030, §
- 5 1, 6-8-10; Ord. No. O11-004, § 1, 3-8-11; Ord. No. O15-053, 8-
- 6 25-15; Ord. No. 018-003, 1-23-18; Ord. No. 018-011, 1-23-18;
- 7 Ord. No. 018-027, 3-13-18)
- 8 Sec. 6-3. Local liquor control commissioner.
- 9 (a) Generally. The mayor is authorized to be the local liquor
- 10 control commissioner and shall be charged with the
- administration of The Liquor Control Act of 1934 [235 ILCS
- 12 5/1-1 et seq.], and such ordinances and resolutions relating
- to alcoholic liquor as may be enacted. The compensation for
- 14 the performance of such duties herein shall be one thousand
- dollars (\$1,000.00) per year. The mayor may appoint one (1)
- 16 deputy local liquor control commissioner to assist him in the
- 17 exercise of the powers and the performance of duties herein
- 18 provided for such local liquor control commissioner. The city
- 19 council shall determine the amount of compensation to be paid
- 20 to said deputy local liquor control commissioner as may be
- 21 deemed necessary for the performance of the duties vested in
- him. No additional compensation shall be paid to any law
- 23 enforcement officer, corporation counsel or assistant
- 24 corporation counsel, or other city inspector for assisting
- 25 the local liquor control commissioner in performing his
- 26 duties.
- 27 (b) Powers, duties and functions. The local liquor control
- commissioner shall be bound by the requirements of the Liquor
- 29 Control Act 235 ILCS 5/1-1 et. Seq., as amended, and this
- 30 chapter. The local liquor control commissioner shall have the

- following powers, duties and functions with respect to liquor
 licenses:
- 3 (1) To grant a liquor license to persons or entities within 4 his jurisdiction.

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- (2) The local liquor control commissioner may impose a fine and/or suspend for any period up to thirty (30) days or revoke for cause any license issued by him if he determines that the licensee has violated any of the following provisions:
- 10 (a) The licensee has violated any ordinance, resolution or regulation enacted by the city or the license has violated
 12 any of the provisions of the Liquor Control Act, 235 ILCS
 13 5-1-1 et.seq., or regulation adopted by the local liquor
 14 control commission and which violation occurred as part of
 15 the operation of the licensee's business or upon the
 16 licensed premises or adjacent premises.
 - (b) The licensee is more than forty-five (45) days delinquent in the payment of any debt to the city.
- 19 (c) If the local liquor control commissioner has reason to believe that any continued operation of a particular 20 21 licensed premises will immediately threaten the welfare of the community or is deemed to have property maintenance, 22 fire, building or other code violations upon the premises 23 for which the establishment is licensed, he may, upon the 24 issuance of a written order stating the reasons for such 25 26 conclusion and without notice of hearing, order the 27 licensed premises closed for not more than seven (7) days, 28 giving the licensee an opportunity to be heard during that period; provided that if such licensee shall also be 29 30 engaged in the conduct of another business or businesses

on the licensed premises such order shall not be applicable to such other business or businesses.

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- (d) For the purpose of this section, every licensee shall
 be deemed responsible for the acts of his agents or
 employees whether or not such licensee knowingly permits
 or has actual knowledge of such unlawful acts stated in
 this section.
 - (e) Aside from the provisions in Sec. 6-3 (c) no fine, suspension or revocation shall be imposed except after a public hearing by the local liquor control commissioner or appointed hearing officer in accordance with Sec. 6-30.
 - To fine, suspend for not more than thirty (30) days and/or revoke for cause any liquor license issued to persons or entities for premises within his jurisdiction for violation of this chapter.
 - To enter into or to authorize any law enforcement (3) officer, corporation counsel or assistant corporation counsel, or other city inspector to enter, at any time, upon the premises licensed hereunder to determine whether any of the provisions of the state law or city ordinance, resolution or any rules or regulations adopted by the control commissioner liquor or by the commission have been violated, and at such time to examine the premises of the licensee in connection therewith. Any person appointed deputy local liquor control commissioner pursuant to this section shall have the power given to the local liquor control commissioner by this paragraph.
 - (4) To examine, or cause to be examined, under oath, any applicant for a liquor license or for the renewal thereof, or any licensee upon whom notice of revocation or

- suspension has been served, or any licensee against whom a citation proceeding has been instituted by the state liquor control commission; to examine, or cause to be examined, the books and records of any such applicant or licensee or respondent; and to hear testimony and take proof for his information in the performance of his duties; and for such purposes to issue subpoenas which shall be effective in any part of this state. For the purpose of obtaining any of the information desired by the local liquor control commissioner under this section, he may authorize his agent to act on his behalf.
- To issue a written order that the licensed premises be 12 closed for not more than seven (7) days, giving the 13 licensee an opportunity to be heard during that period, if 14 local liquor control commissioner has reason 15 believe that any continued operation of a particular 16 licensed premises will immediately threaten the welfare of 17 the community. Except that if such licensee shall also be 18 engaged in the conduct of another business or businesses 19 20 the licensed premises, such order shall not be applicable to such other business or businesses. 21
- 22 (Code 1969, § 6-3; Ord. No. 086-5553, § 2, 9-2-86; Ord. No. 002-
- 23 158, § 2, 12-10-02; Ord. No. 003-145, § 3, 11-4-03)
- 24 State Law reference— Local liquor control commissioners, 235
- 25 ILCS 5/4-2 et seq.

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- 26 Sec. 6-4. License required; transfer, etc.
- 27 (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to sell or offer for 28 sale at retail in the corporate limits of the city any 29 alcoholic liquor without a retailer's license. This license

- shall allow the licensee to sell or offer for sale at retail,
- only in the premises specified in such license, alcoholic
- 3 liquor for use or consumption, but not for resale in any
- 4 form. No such license hereunder may be transferable between
- 5 any persons, premises, locations, or entities.
- 6 (b) Such license shall not descend by the laws of testate or
- 7 intestate devolution, but it shall cease upon the death of
- 8 the licensee, provided that executors or administrators of
- 9 the estate of any deceased licensee, and the trustee of any
- insolvent or bankrupt licensee, when such estate consists in
- 11 part of alcoholic liquor, may continue the business of the
- 12 sale or manufacture of alcoholic liquor under order of the
- 13 appropriate court, and may exercise the privileges of the
- 14 deceased or insolvent or bankrupt licensee after the death of
- 15 such decedent, or such insolvency or bankruptcy until the
- expiration of such license but not longer than six (6)
- months.
- 18 (Code 1969, § 6-4; Ord. No. 086-5553, § 2, 9-2-86; Ord. No. 015-
- 19 053, 8-25-15)
- 20 Sec. 6-5. Application for license.
- 21 (a) Only completed applications, with required documentation,
- 22 shall be considered by the liquor control commissioner. No
- license may be issued until all information and documentation
- required in the application has been provided. Applications
- 25 deemed incomplete and remaining incomplete for longer than
- sixty (60) business days shall be denied.
- 27 (b) Applicants for a liquor license shall provide the local
- liquor control commissioner with a written statement of the
- 29 following:

- 1 (1) The applicant's full name, address, date of birth and place of birth:
- a. In the case of an individual the full name, address,date of birth and place of birth of the applicant.
- b. In the case of a co-partnership the full name,
 address, date of birth and place of birth of all
 persons entitled to share in the profits thereof.

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- c. In the case of a corporation the name, address, date of birth and place of birth of all officers, directors and persons owning directly or beneficially stock of such corporation.
- d. In the case of a limited liability company, the name, address, date of birth and place of birth of all members and managers directly owning or having an interest in such entity.
- 16 (2) The full name, address, date of birth and place of birth 17 of the person acting as manager of a licensed premises.
- 18 (3) The type of business of the applicant and the objects 19 for which such business is organized.
- 20 (4) The length of time the applicant has been in such 21 business or, in the case of a corporation, the date when 22 its charter was issued. In addition:
- 23 a. If an Illinois corporation, the date of incorporation 24 and a certificate of good standing from the Secretary 25 of State shall be provided.
- 26 b. If a foreign corporation, the date of becoming 27 qualified to transact business under the Business 28 Corporation Act of 1983 [805 ILCS 5/1.01 Hell. Rev.

1 Stat. Ch. 32, ¶ 1.01 et seq.] to transact business in 2 the state shall be provided.

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- c. If an Illinois limited liability company, the date of organization and a certificate of good standing from the Secretary of State shall be provided.
- 6 (5) The location and description of the premises or place of business which is to be operated under such license. In addition:
 - a. The name and address of the owner of the premises shall be given. If the premises is held in a trust the names and addresses of all owners of the beneficial interests of the trust shall be given.
 - b. If the premises is a leased premises, a copy of the lease shall be provided. Such lease shall be for a term of sufficient length to encompass the period of the license sought.
- 17 (6) Whether applicant has made application for a similar
 18 license or any other license for the premises except as
 19 described in this application and the disposition of such
 20 application.
- 21 (7) Whether a previous license by any state or subdivision 22 thereof, or by the federal government has been issued, if 23 so where and when, or if any such license has been revoked 24 or suspended and the reasons thereof.
- (c) The application shall be sworn to by the applicant, if an 25 (2) 26 individual, and by at least two members partnership applying for such a license. Applications by 27 28 corporations shall be subscribed and sworn to by the 29 president of said corporation and attested secretary of the corporation for that purpose. Applications 30

- 1 by limited liability companies shall be subscribed and sworn
- 2 to by the principal member or managing member of said company
- and attested to by a valid notary public.
- 4 (d) The applicant must produce proof of dram shop liability
- 5 insurance at the required statutory maximum limits set forth
- 6 in section 6-21 of the Liquor Control Act, 235 ILCs 5/1-1 et
- 7 seq. of 1934 [III. Rev. Stat. Ch. 43, ¶ 135] as amended from
- 8 time to time.
- 9 (e) The applicant shall complete and file a certificate of
- 10 registration application with the city and produce the
- 11 appropriate bonds pursuant to section Sec. 44-124.
- 12 (f) If the applicant is seeking a Class B-Fraternal society or
- 13 club license he shall file with the local liquor control
- 14 commissioner a list of names, addresses, and dates of birth
- of its officers and members, and similarly shall file the
- name of any new officer within ten (10) days of his election.
- 17 (g) All applications shall be accompanied by an application fee
- in the amount of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00) which
- 19 application fee that shall be nonrefundable and inapplicable
- to the annual license fee.
- 21 (h) The local liquor control commissioners shall require that
- 22 any new applicant for a liquor license shall submit to a
- 23 background check, and shall provide the local liquor control
- 24 commissioner with any documents necessary for said background
- 25 check.
- 26 (i) Prior to the issuance of any liquor license, the applicant
- 27 must provide the local liquor control commissioner with a
- 28 certificate of occupancy for the licensed premises.
- 29 (j) Upon approval of the application and issuance of any new
- 30 liquor license, the licensee will be placed on a one-year

- probation period. During said probationary period, if the 1 licensee violates any section of the liquor ordinance, as 2 3 specified in a probationary agreement that includes management plan, put forth to the licensee prior to the 4 5 issuance of a license, a liquor hearing will be called and 6 the license may be revoked immediately, with no progressive discipline required. 7
- In the event that the local liquor control commissioner 8 9 refuses to grant a license, he shall place on file in his office the rejected application and a document setting forth 10 11 reasons for his refusal to grant the license. Copies of the rejected application and the document setting forth 12 reasons for refusal shall also be served by certified mail 13 upon the applicant for the license at the address stated on 14 the license application. The rejected applicant may, within 15 ten (10) days from the receipt of said notice of rejection, 16 before the 17 request a hearing local liquor control commissioner, at which time all interested parties shall be 18 heard per Sec. 6-30. 19
- 20 (1) The decision of the local liquor control commissioner 21 granting or refusing to grant a city license following 22 hearing shall lie to the state liquor control commission, and 23 shall be on the record, and not de novo.
- 24 (m) No person shall knowingly furnish false or misleading information or withhold any relevant information on any 25 application for any license required by this chapter nor 26 27 knowingly cause or suffer another to furnish or withhold such information on his behalf. No person shall knowingly furnish 28 any false or misleading information in the investigation of 29 any application for a license required by this chapter. No 30 person shall willfully withhold any information that 31 is

- 1 relevant to any such investigation when called upon by any 2 city representative to furnish such information. 3 furnishing of false or misleading information or withholding any relevant information on any application for any license 4 required by this chapter shall be grounds for denial of any 5 6 such application, or if discovered after the issuance of any such license, shall be grounds for a fine and/or suspension 7 or revocation of the license. 8
- applicants shall provide information with their 9 (n) All application detailing any and all camera equipment located on 10 11 the interior and/or exterior of the applicant's premises as police department may request, and further, 12 applicants shall agree by signature on the application that 13 they shall cooperate fully with the Aurora Police Department 14 in providing all video pursuant to any police investigation 15 during the term of any liquor license granted. 16
- (o) All applicants for licenses requiring tabled seating shall 17 provide an appropriate mix of seating options within the 18 19 establishment, and shall provide a floor plan as part of the application illustrating the seating arrangements 20 approval. All applicants for licenses which require a minimum 21 square footage shall provide a floor plan as part of the 22 application illustrating all appropriate 23 square footage 24 requirements for approval.
- 25 (Code 1969, § 6-5; Ord. No. 086-5553, § 2, 9-2-86; Ord. No. 093-
- 26 05, § 1, 1-5-93; Ord. No. 008-105, § 1, 11-4-08; Ord. No. 010-
- 27 030, § 1, 6-8-10; Ord. No. 011-004, § 1, 3-8-11; Ord. No. 015-
- 28 053, 8-25-15; Ord. No. 018-003, 1-23-18)
- 29 Sec. 6-6. Restrictions on licenses.

- 1 (a) No license required by this chapter shall be issued or2 renewed to the following:
- 3 (1) A person who is indebted to the city or other 4 governmental entity for payment of any fees, fines, 5 charges, bills, or taxes which he is obligated to pay but 6 have remained unpaid for more than forty-five (45) days.

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- (2) A person who has been convicted of a felony under any federal or state law, irrespective of the nature of the offense, unless the local liquor commissioner determines that such person has been sufficiently rehabilitated to warrant the public trust after considering matters set forth in such person's application and the internal investigation. The burden of proof of sufficient rehabilitation shall be on the applicant.
- (3) A person who has been convicted of a violation of any federal, state or city law concerning the manufacture, possession, consumption or sale of alcoholic liquor including any misdemeanor and traffic violation relating to the same, or has forfeited his bond to appear in court to answer to any charges for any violation.
- (4) A person who is not of good character and reputation in the community in which he resides or conducts business. For the purpose of this chapter, any person who within five (5) years of application for any liquor license has been convicted of, plead guilty to, or been placed on supervision for any liquor related offense, including influence of alcohol, driving under the shall considered not of good character and reputation. There may be additional bases for determining that someone is not of good character reputation including, without or

- 1 limitation, persons convicted of committing a crime of
 2 moral turpitude.
- 3 (5) A person who has been convicted of keeping a place of 4 prostitution or keeping a place of juvenile prostitution, 5 promoting prostitution that involves keeping a place of 6 prostitution, or promoting juvenile prostitution that 7 involves keeping a place of juvenile prostitution.
- 8 (6) A corporation, if any officer, manager or director 9 thereof, or any stockholders owning stock of such 10 corporation, would not be eligible to receive a license 11 hereunder for any reason.
- 12 (7) A corporation or limited liability company, unless it is 13 incorporated or organized in Illinois or unless it is a 14 foreign corporation which is qualified under the Business 15 Corporation Act of 1983 [805 ILCS 5/1.01 et seq.] to 16 transact business in Illinois.
- 17 (8) A person whose place of business is conducted by a
 18 manager or agent unless said manager or agent possesses
 19 the same qualifications required of the licensee.
- 20 (9) A person who does not own the premises for which a 21 license is sought, or does not have a lease thereon for 22 the full period for which the license is issued.
- 23 (10) A person, firm or corporation not eligible for a state 24 retail liquor dealer's license.
- 25 (11) Any person who fails to obtain or maintain a state 26 liquor license during the term of the license.
- 27 (12) Any person who has not posted bond pursuant to the 28 city's food and beverage tax, pursuant to section 44-124 29 of this Code.

- 1 (13) Any person who cannot produce proof of dram shop insurance.
- 3 (14) Any person that has property maintenance, fire, 4 building or other code violations upon the premises for 5 which the establishment is licensed.
- 6 (15) Any person that has failed to obtain an operational 7 permit to operate a place of assembly above or below grade 8 or with a capacity of six hundred (600) occupants or more, 9 pursuant to chapter Chapter 17 of this Code.
- 10 (16) A person whose liquor license has been revoked.
- 11 (17) A person that knowingly furnishes false or misleading 12 information or withholds any relevant information on any 13 application for any license required by this chapter or 14 knowingly causes or suffers another to furnish or withhold 15 such information on his behalf.
- 16 (b) Any licensee who has been convicted of a felony under any
 17 federal or state law, any misdemeanor in which alcoholic
 18 liquor was involved or any violation listed in paragraphs
 19 (2), (3), (4), and (5) of subsection (a) shall notify the
 20 local liquor control commissioner of such conviction. Such
 21 notification shall be made within thirty (30) days after the
 22 sentencing for the conviction.
- 23 (Code 1969, § 6-6; Ord. No. 086-5553, § 2, 9-2-86; Ord. No. 002-
- 24 158, § 3, 12-10-02; Ord. No. 003-145, § 2, 11-4-03; Ord. No.
- 25 008-105, § 1, 11-4-08; Ord. No. 010-030, § 1, 6-8-10; Ord. No.
- 26 015-053, 8-25-15)
- 27 Sec. 6-7. Term of license; renewals.

- 1 (a) Each license issued under this chapter shall be for a
- 2 period of one (1) year. Classes A and B shall commence on
- 3 September 1 and terminate on August 31; all other classes
- 4 shall commence on May 1 and terminate on April 30.
- 5 (b) Completed applications for renewal of a liquor license must
- 6 be filed with the local liquor control commissioner or
- 7 his/her designee not less than fourteen (14) days prior to
- 8 the date for which the license is to expire. Applications for
- 9 renewal submitted after the due date shall be assessed a
- 10 fifty dollar (\$50.00) late fee.
- 11 (c) At the time of filing application for renewal of a liquor
- 12 license each applicant must produce evidence that he has
- 13 received a state liquor license along with the following
- 14 documentation:
- 15 (1) Copy of the current lease or proof of ownership, i.e.
- 16 deed. For purposes of this section, a licensee is still
- 17 required to provide a copy of a multi-year lease even if
- 18 said lease is same as one provided with initial
- 19 application.
- 20 (2) Copy of the current dram shop insurance (liquor
- 21 liability insurance) showing the City of Aurora as the
- certificate holder.
- 23 (3) Current certificate of good standing from the Secretary
- of State.
- 25 (4) Copy of the applicable county department of health
- certificate.
- 27 (5) Copy of menu, if applicable.
- 28 (6) Copy of current State of Illinois liquor license.

- 1 (7) Copy of current state-certified beverage alcohol
 2 sellers/servers training (BASSET) certificates.
- 3 (8) Current list of names, dates of births and addresses of 4 officers and members (Class B license holders only).
- 5 (9) Full amount of the annual license fee required for relevant classification.
- 7 (10) Background check of officers, members, owners, and 8 managers if more than three (3) years has elapsed since 9 last background check.
- 10 (11) Audit sheet regarding the distribution of revenue for 11 Class N and license holders with video gaming terminal 12 licenses.
- 13 (d) Any license held but not used for the actual operation of
 14 the licensed business at any time for a period of six (6)
 15 months shall after the expiration of the six (6) months
 16 become null and void; provided, that it may be extended by
 17 the local liquor control commissioner to two (2) years if the
 18 reason for the close of said business is due to a fire or
 19 other natural disaster.
- 20 (e) If, during the license period, the licensee no longer owns 21 or has a valid lease on the premises for which a liquor 22 license has been issued said license shall become void.
- 23 (f) Except in cases of death or bankruptcy as set forth in 24 section 6-4, any sale, transfer, or assignment of fifty (50) 25 percent or more of the ownership of a business, whether said 26 sale, transfer or assignment occurs in a single transaction 27 or multiple transactions, shall terminate the license.
- 28 (g) No same day liquor licenses, except for temporary licenses 29 issued pursuant to section 6-10, shall be issued.

- 1 (Code 1969, § 6-7; Ord. No. 086-5553, § 2, 9-2-86; Ord. No. 087-
- 2 5622, § 1, 1-17-87; Ord. No. 089-66, § 1, 7-5-89; Ord. No. 090-
- 3 26, § 1, 3-6-90; Ord. No. 096-74, § 2, 6-25-96; Ord. No. 004-43,
- 4 § 1, 4-27-04; Ord. No. 015-053, 8-25-15; Ord. No. 018-027, 3-13-
- 5 18)
- 6 Sec. 6-8. Classification of licenses.
- 7 There shall be the following classification of licenses that
- 8 shall have annual fees set from time to time by separate
- 9 ordinance or resolution:
- 10 (1) Class A-Tavern license.
- 11 a. Authorizes the licensee to sell to the general public
- 12 alcoholic liquor by the drink, for consumption on the
- premises where sold, and not for resale in any form.
- b. Authorizes the licensee to sell to the general public
- 15 alcoholic liquor in original packages only, for
- 16 consumption off the premises where sold only during the
- 17 hours authorized for the sale of packaged liquor under
- 18 section 6-28.
- 19 c. Authorizes the licensee to sell to the general public
- 20 alcoholic liquor by the drink, for consumption off the
- 21 premises, when participating in a city-sponsored event
- and with the approval of the liquor control
- commissioner.
- d. It shall be unlawful for any person under the age of
- twenty-one (21) years to be present in a Class A-Tavern
- during the times that alcoholic liquor is sold. If the
- 27 license is issued for a business which is not
- predominantly for the sale of alcoholic liquor, such as
- bowling alleys, this paragraph shall apply only to the

room or area set aside for the sale and consumption of alcoholic liquor; provided that persons under the age of twenty-one (21) years may be present in said licensed premises for the purpose of eating a meal so long as they are accompanied by a parent, guardian or spouse twenty-one (21) years of age or older.

- e. No person, except peace officers in the performance of law enforcement duties, the licensee and his employees or agents actually working, shall be present in a Class A—Tavern between the hours of closing and the hour of opening as established in this chapter, provided, that if the license is issued for a business which is not predominantly for the sale of alcoholic liquor such as bowling alleys, this paragraph shall apply only to the room or area set aside for the sale and consumption of alcoholic liquor.
- f. New licenses or locations in this Class A-Tavern licensees must have a kitchen and have an approved limited menu in effect at all times that establishment is open for business. Said menu must consist of, but not be limited to, hot appetizers and hot or cold sandwiches, hamburgers, pizza or other hot entrees prepared on the premises.
- g. In the downtown, dining tables and chairs must be placed in that area within five (5) feet of exterior windows and doors visible to pedestrians on the sidewalk adjacent to the property to screen dancing and lounge activity.
- h. The annual fee for a Class A Tavern license shall be two thousand seventy dollars (\$2,070.00).

1 (2) Class B-Fraternal society or club license.

- a. Authorizes the licensee to sell alcoholic liquor for consumption on the premises, when sold only to the members and the invited guests of the members when such guests are personally accompanied by a member at all times upon the licensed premises.
 - b. The license shall only be available to clubs, fraternal societies or lodges which have been in existence in the State of Illinois continuously for a period of three (3) years prior to making application for a license and shall have at least fifty (50) members regularly paying dues.
 - c. No member or officer of the organization shall be paid a salary or other compensation from the proceeds from the distribution or sale of alcoholic liquor or from the general revenues of the organization.
- d. The annual fee for a Class B license shall be two thousand seventy dollars (\$2,070.00).
- 19 (3) Class C-Package liquor license.
 - a. Authorizes the licensee to sell to the general public alcoholic liquor in original packages only, for consumption off the premises where sold. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as prohibiting the sale of packages containing six (6) single containers of beer, including such packages consisting of various single containers of beer chosen by the customer.
 - b. Samples of alcoholic beverages may from time to time be served on said premises.

1 C. New licenses in this class may only be issued to establishments located in the 2 downtown, shopping 3 centers or businesses with more than ten thousand (10,000) square feet devoted exclusively to retail 4 sales and whose primary purpose is other than the sale 5 of alcoholic liquors. 6

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- d. No establishments which sell gasoline may be issued a Class C liquor license.
- e. Licenses in effect upon the passage of this article whose primary purpose is other than the sale of alcoholic liquor and which do not meet the requirements of this section may only be renewed by the current licensee. Upon a change of ownership, a new license may only be issued as a Class G—Package Beer and Wine license.
- f. Video gaming on the premises is not permitted.
- 17 g. The annual fee for a Class C license shall be one
 18 thousand eight hundred fifteen dollars (\$1,815.00).
- 19 (4) Class D-Auditorium/theatrical Arts facility 20 license/Arts and entertainment studio.
- 21 a. Class D-1-Metropolitan exposition and auditorium 22 license.
 - 1. Authorizes the licensee to sell to the general public alcoholic liquor by the drink for consumption on the premises where sold at scheduled performances or events.
 - 2. Authorizes the licensee to sell to the general public alcoholic liquor by the drink, for consumption off the premises, when participating in

a city-sponsored event and with the approval of the liquor control commissioner.

- 3. The license shall only be available for premises owned by a metropolitan exposition and auditorium authority or special district.
- 4. Video gaming on the premises is not permitted.
- 5. The annual fee for a Class D 1 license shall be one thousand eight hundred fifteen dollars (\$1,815.00).
- b. Class D-2-Theatrical-arts facility license.
 - 1. Authorizes the licensee to sell to the general public alcoholic liquor by the drink for consumption on the premises where sold at scheduled performances, workshops, or events.
 - 2. The license shall only be available for premises defined as a "theatrical-arts facility" that have a minimum seating capacity of one hundred fifty (150) seats on the same floor.
 - 3. Video gaming on the premises is not permitted for any newpremises after March 31, 2018.
 - 4. The annual fee for a Class D-2 license shall be one thousand eight hundred fifteen dollars (\$1,815.00).
- c. Class D-3 Arts and entertainment studio license.
 - 1. Authorizes the licensee to sell to the general public beer and wine for consumption on the premises while the patron(s) are participating in or attending an arts, crafts, or art and culture related events or performances that are offered by the licensee.

- 2. The license shall only be available for premises of an art, culture or entertainment studio at which public and private events are held with the primary purpose of holding arts, crafts or art and culture events, performances and classes.
 - 3. Video gaming on the premises is not permitted.
 - 4. The annual fee for a Class D 2 license shall be one thousand eight hundred fifteen dollars (\$1,815.00).
- (5) Class E-Restaurant license.

- a. Class E-Full menu restaurant license.
 - 1. Authorizes the licensee to sell to the general public alcoholic liquor by the drink for consumption on the premises where sold, and not for resale in any form, provided that such sales shall be only in conjunction with the sale of food for consumption on the premises.
 - 2. Authorizes the licensee to sell to the general public alcoholic liquor by the drink, for consumption off the premises, when participating in a city-sponsored event and with the approval of the liquor control commissioner.
 - 3. Service of alcoholic liquor shall be only during the time that food is prepared on the premises and is available to be served and a menu, approved by the liquor commissioner is in effect.
 - 4. A cook or chef shall be employed at all times that the establishment is open for business. The primary duties of said cook or chef shall not include bartending or the serving of alcoholic liquor.

5. Authorizes the licensee to sell to the general public alcoholic liquor in original packages only for consumption at a private party when the food for said party is catered by the licensee.

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The license shall only be available for premises defined as a restaurant herein that has a minimum seating capacity of one hundred twenty-five (125) seats on the same floor or level, non-inclusive of the seating around a bar used for alcoholic liquor consumption, except as provided in this subsection, with tables or booths occupying at least fifty (50) percent of the public area of the licensed premises at all times of operation of the business. shopping center, as defined above, a new license shall also be available for premises defined restaurants herein that have a minimum capacity of seventy-five (75) seats on the same floor or level, non-inclusive of the seating around a bar used for alcoholic liquor consumption, with tables and booths occupying at least fifty (50) percent of the public area of the licensed premises at all times of operation of the business. In the downtown, the license shall also be available for premises defined as restaurants herein that have a minimum seating capacity of forty-eight (48) seats on the same floor or level, non-inclusive of the seating around a bar used for alcoholic liquor consumption, so long as such tables or booths shall occupy at least fifty (50) percent of the public area of the licensed premises at all times operation of the business.

7. If the restaurant has a lounge, it shall be unlawful for any person under the age of twenty-one (21) years to be present in said lounge.

- 8. The total lounge area of a restaurant may only encompass an area of up to a total of twenty-five (25) percent of the seating area of the restaurant. The lounge area shall be comprised of the bar area(s) and any entertainment area(s) within the establishment. In the downtown, dining tables and chairs must be placed within five (5) feet of exterior windows and doors visible to pedestrians on the sidewalk adjacent to the property to screen dancing and lounge activity.
- 9. A restaurant and the lounge of a restaurant may only remain open while the cook or chef is working on the premises in his or her primary capacity—and the kitchen is open. for service of a full menu. The lounge must close when the kitchen or the restaurant closes or food service is unavailable, whichever occurs first.
- 10. No difference in pricing may be assessed for food and beverage items between the restaurant and the lounge.
- b. Class E 1 Limited menu restaurant license.
 - 11. All of the requirements for full menu license apply, provided however, that License holders may serve between the hours of 9:00 p.m. and closing Sunday through Thursday, and between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and closing on Friday and Saturday, a limited menu of five (5) hot food items from the

- full menu, at least two (2) of which must be a hot sandwich plate or similar, shall be served. A certified food preparer may substitute the requirement set forth in Sec. 6-8 (5)(9) during the time a limited menu is available.
- 2. A certified food preparer must prepare all limited menu items on premises, be present at all times during the sale of alcoholic liquor, and while a lounge on the premises is open.
- 3. The annual fee for any Class E license shall be two thousand seventy dollars (\$2,070.00).
- (6) Class F-Beer and wine restaurant licenses.

- a. Class F-Beer and wine restaurant license.
 - 1. Authorizes the licensee to sell to the general public beer and wine by the drink for consumption on the premises; provided that such sales shall be in conjunction with the sale of food for consumption on the premises.
 - 2. The license shall only be available for premises defined as a restaurant herein that has a minimum seating capacity of seventy-five (75) seats on the same floor, except as provided in this subsection. In the downtown and in shopping centers, as defined herein, the license shall also be available for premises defined as restaurants herein that have a minimum seating capacity of thirty (30) seats on the same floor or level so long as such tables or booths shall occupy at least fifty percent (50) of the public area of the licensed premises at all times of operation of the business.

3. All liquor service shall be at tables or booths. No
 bar or lounge shall be available for customer use.

- 4. A cook or chef shall be employed at all times that the establishment is open for business. The primary duties of said cook or chef shall not include the serving of alcoholic liquor.
- 5. Service of alcoholic liquor shall be only during the time that food is available to be served and an approved menu is in effect.
- 6. Video gaming on the premises is not permitted.
- 7. The annual fee for a Class F license shall be one thousand eight hundred fifteen dollars (\$1,815.00).
- b. Class F-1-Beer and wine restaurant license with package sales.
 - 1. Authorizes the licensee to sell to the general public beer and wine in original packages only for consumption off the premises; provided that such sale shall be in conjunction with sales of food for consumption off the premises.
 - 2. This license shall only be available for establishments that hold a Class F-Beer and Wine Restaurant License.
 - 3. This license shall not be available for any Class F-Beer and wine restaurant license that would be required to obtain a special use permit pursuant to subsection 6-13(d)(2) of this Code.
- 27 4. The annual fee for a Class F-1 license shall be two
 28 thousand dollars (\$2,000.00).
 - (7) Class G-Package beer and wine license.

a. Class G-Package beer and wine license, non-gasoline sales.

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- 1. Authorizes the licensee to sell to the general public beer and wine in original packages only, for consumption off the premises where sold. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as prohibiting the sale of packages containing six (6) single containers of beer, including such packages consisting of various single containers of beer chosen by the customer.
- 2. Samples of wine <u>and beer</u> may from time to time be served on said <u>premises</u>.
- 3. This license shall only be available for establishments located in the downtown, shopping centers or businesses with more than five thousand (5,000) square feet devoted exclusively to retail sales and which primary purpose is other than the sale of alcoholic liquors.
- Effective July 18, 1989, no new Class G liquor 4. licenses may be issued to any establishment that sells gasoline. Any liquor license in effect at the time of adoption of this subsection which is held by a business that sells gasoline and would not qualify of liquor license for issuance а under this subsection shall be renewed yearly so long as the license is issued to the current owners. Any sale, transfer, or assignment of more than fifty (50) of percent the ownership of а business or partnership shall terminate said license. event that such license is held in the name of a

- corporation, the sale, transfer or assignment of fifty percent (50) of the stock shall terminate such license.
 - 5. Video gaming on the premises is not permitted.

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- 6. The annual fee for a Class G license shall be one thousand, six hundred fifty dollars (\$1,650.00).
- b. Class G-1—Package beer and wine license, gasoline sales.
 - Authorizes a licensee that sells gasoline to also sell to the general public beer and wine in original packages only, for consumption off the premises where sold, only during the time that gasoline is also sold.
 - 2. This license shall not be available in the RiverEdge Redevelopment Plus Zone, and shall only be available for establishments which primary purpose is the sale of both gasoline and convenience goods and not the sale of alcoholic liquor that have at least two thousand two hundred (2,200) square feet of space dedicated to retail sale and storage of products for retail sale. The space dedicated to retail sales and storage of products for retail cannot include space used in part or in whole as an office, restroom (either private or public), utility room/closet, or seating for an onsite restaurant. Convenience qoods means food, beverages, medications, household products, cosmetic items and reading materials. The establishment must regular basis sell at least five (5) of the seven (7) following categories of non-expired convenience

goods: dairy, baked goods, frozen goods, groceries, snack foods, prepared foods, health and beauty aids. Dairy includes refrigerated milk, yogurt, ice cream, cheese and butter products. Baked goods includes breads, cakes, pastries, and cookies both packaged and fresh. Frozen goods require storage in freezers. Groceries includes fresh, boxed, canned, and bagged foods. Snack foods may include candy, gum, chips, or single size servings of food items. Prepared foods includes foods prepared manufacturer or vendor to be served or used with further preparation minimal such as sandwiches, salads, or soup. Health and beauty aids includes items such as medications, bandages, cosmetics, grooming, and skin care products. Upon receipt of a Class G-1 license, a maximum often ten (10) percent of available retail space shall be utilized by licensee for the sale of alcoholic liquor provided herein. Retail space for purposes of this license is defined as the interior floor space the licensee establishment within that is exclusively utilized for the retail sale of products, not services or storage of products. The retail space to be used for alcoholic liquor sale must be contiguous.

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- 3. A license shall only be granted to establishments that do not provide video gaming services on the premises.
- 4. Individual cans/bottles of beer shall not be sold by licensee, beer shall be sold only in six-pack portions. Wine may only be sold in containers of no

less than seven hundred fifty (750) milliliters. It shall be unlawful for a licensee to bundle, tape, package, or otherwise manipulate single containers for sale as a set. Any such manipulation of packaging shall be a violation of this subsection.

- 5. The annual fee for a Class G-1 license shall be one thousand six hundred fifty dollars (\$1,650.00).
- 8 (8) Class H—Golf course/clubhouse license.

- a. Authorizes the licensee to sell alcoholic liquor to its patrons and guests by the drink, for consumption in the clubhouse and on the golf course, and not for resale in any form.
- b. The license shall only be available for premises defined as a golf course/clubhouse herein which has a minimum of one hundred (100) total acres for an 18-hole or greater course or a minimum of fifty (50) total acres for a nine-hole course.
- c. Video gaming on the premises is not permitted.
- 19 d. The annual fee for a Class H license shall be two
 20 thousand seventy dollars (\$2,070.00).
- 21 (9) Class I—Specialty basket license.
 - a. Authorizes the licensee to sell wine to the general public in original packages only, for consumption off the premises where sold, in conjunction with sales of floral arrangements or specialty baskets only.
 - b. The value of said floral arrangements and basket contents must be greater than the value of the wine being sold with the arrangement or basket.

- c. This license shall only be available for floral or specialty basket shops whose primary purpose is the sale of floral arrangements or specialty baskets.
 - d. Samples of alcoholic beverages may time to time be served on said premises with the prior permission of the local liquor control commissioner.
 - e. Video gaming on the premises is not permitted.
- 8 f. The annual fee for a Class I license shall be five
 9 hundred fifty dollars (\$550.00).
- 10 (10) Class J-Hotel license (full service).

- a. Authorizes the licensee to sell alcoholic liquor to the general public by the drink, for consumption on the premises where sold, and not for resale in any form.
- b. Authorizes the licensee to place small, locked refrigerated units containing alcoholic beverages (commonly referred to as "mini-bars") in the guest rooms. Keys for said units may only be provided to hotel guests who are at least twenty-one (21) years of age.
- c. The dining room of said hotel must have a menu in effect at all times that liquor is served in the dining room. Said menu must consist of, but not be limited to, hot appetizers, hot or cold sandwiches, and hamburgers, pizza or other hot entrees prepared on the premises.
- d. If the hotel has a lounge, it shall be unlawful for any person under the age of twenty-one (21) years to be present in said lounge. During those hours that liquor is being served in the lounge, a menu must be in

- effect. Such menu may be limited to hot appetizers prepared on the premises.
- e. The license shall only be available for premisesdefined as a hotel (full service) herein.
- f. Video gaming on the premises is not permitted.
- 6 g. The annual fee for a Class J license shall be two
 7 thousand seventy dollars (\$2,070.00).
- 8 (11) Class K-Catering license.

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- 9 a. Authorizes the licensee to sell alcoholic liquor in 10 connection with the operation of a catering business 11 within the city.
 - b. Authorizes the licensee to sell to the general public alcoholic liquor in original packages only, for consumption at a private party at a location within city limits when the food for said party is prepared by the licensee.
 - c. The license shall only be issued to persons who can demonstrate that they are operating a bona fide catering business.
- d. All food and beverage sales made by the licensee shall
 be made at the registered office of licensee, which
 shall be deemed the licensed premises. Such sales shall
 be subject to the applicable municipal taxes.
- 24 e. The annual fee for a Class K license shall be eight
 25 hundred twenty-five dollars (\$825.00).
- 26 (12) Class L—Casino facility license/Members-only lounge.

- a. Authorizes the licensee to sell alcoholic liquor to the general public by the drink, for consumption on the premises where sold, and not for resale in any form.
- b. It shall be unlawful for any person under the age of twenty-one (21) years to be present in any lounge.
 - c. The license shall only be available for premises defined as a casino facility.
 - d. The licensee may apply for an additional license under this class to operate a members-only lounge in which it may sell alcoholic liquor solely to members and their guests by the drink, for consumption on the premises where sold, and not for resale in any form.
 - e. The annual fee for a Class L license shall be two thousand seventy dollars (\$2,070.00).
 - f. The annual fee for the members only lounge shall be four thousand one hundred forty dollars (\$4,140.00).
- 17 (13) Class M—Hotel (limited service).

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- a. Authorizes the licensee to sell alcoholic liquor to registered guests of the hotel only, for consumption on the premises where sold, and not for resale in any form.
 - b. Authorizes the licensee to charge by the drink or cover the drink charges under the hotel fees.
 - c. Authorizes the licensee to place small, locked refrigerated units containing alcoholic beverages (commonly referred to as "mini-bars") in the guest rooms. Keys for said units may only be provided to hotel guests who are at least twenty-one (21) years of age.

- d. Due to the express use by the registered guests of the Class M-Hotel (limited service), the hours of operation for this classification shall be limited to 12:00 p.m.
 - e. The license shall only be available for premises defined as a hotel (limited service).
 - f. Video gaming on the premises is not permitted.
- 8 g. The annual fee for a Class M license shall be two
 9 thousand seventy dollars (\$2,070.00).
- 10 (14) Class N-Specialty package liquor license.

- a. Authorizes the licensee to sell to the general public alcoholic liquor in original packages only, for consumption off the premises where sold.
 - b. Samples of alcoholic beverages may from time to time be served on said premises with the prior written permission of the local liquor control commissioner.
 - c. New licenses in this class may only be issued to establishments located in the downtown, businesses with more than twelve thousand (12,000) square feet devoted exclusively to retail sales and whose primary purpose is other than the sale of alcoholic liquors, or in a commercial area, as defined herein.
- d. Only one (1) Class N liquor license may be issued to any location classified as a commercial area.
 - e. The license shall only be available to businesses that sell more than fifty (50) percent of their total alcohol receipts in wine sales.
- f. No establishments which sell gasoline may be issued a Class N liquor license.

- g. Video gaming on the premises is not permitted.
- 2 h. The annual fee for a Class N license shall be two
 3 thousand seventy dollars (\$2,070.00).
- 4 (15) Class O-Banquet hall license.

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- 5 a. Authorizes the licensee to serve alcoholic liquor by 6 the glass only to attendees of a banquet on the 7 premises while guests are seated at tables.
 - b. All alcoholic liquor served must be by Basset trained employees of the licensee.
 - c. Live musical entertainment or DJ entertainment may be provided incidental to the banquet.
 - d. Video gaming on the premises is not permitted.
- e. The annual fee for a Class O license shall be two thousand seventy dollars (\$2,070.00).
- 15 (16) Class P-Coffee shop license.
 - a. "Coffee shop" means a place of business that: (a) opens to the public for business each day not later than 7:00 a.m. and remains open to the public for business continuously for not less than ten (10) hours; and (b) is engaged in the primary business of the sale, over a counter located at the point of sale where customers place orders, of: (i) coffee, tea, coffeebeverages, tea-based beverages, based and beverages prepared on the premises for consumption on or off the premises where served: and (ii) food items, including baked goods, sandwiches, and salads, for consumption on or off the premises where served. No coffee shop located within the city is eliqible for any

class of liquor license other than a Class P coffee shop license.

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- b. The sale of wine or beer is prohibited at any time before 4:00 p.m. and after 10:00 p.m. on Mondays through Fridays, and before 2:00 p.m. and after 10:00 p.m. on Saturdays and Sundays.
 - c. Wine and beer may be sold by single serving or by the bottle, but beer must be consumed from a single-serving, transparent container that does not exceed twelve (12) ounces in volume, and wine must be consumed from a single-serving, transparent container that does not exceed five (5) ounces in volume.
- d. The sale of more than one (1) single serving or bottle of wine or beer to each patron during a single pointof-sale transaction is prohibited. Each and every patron who desires to consume wine or beer (including, without limitation, a portion of wine or beer sold by the bottle), must: (i) be physically present during the point-of-sale transaction during which the wine or beer purchased: and (ii) present a form of valid photographic identification issued by а state government or the United States government. For the purpose of the Class P coffee shop license, "point-ofsale" transaction means each instance when a patron or group of patrons purchases food and beverages at a coffee shop, whether or not the purchases are processed or documented as a single transaction by the coffee shop.
- e. Food from an approved menu must be available during the time service of alcoholic liquor is permitted. For

- the purpose of this section, "food" means baked goods, sandwiches, salads, prepared snacks, and similar items.

 "Food" does not mean candy, mints, gum, and similar items. The food menu must include, at a minimum, five (5) hot food items, at least two (2) of which must be a hot sandwich plate or similar.
 - f. The coffee shop must be equipped with a limited kitchen that at a minimum will include an appliance to store cold food: convection oven: dishwasher; hand sink for dishwashing: food prep counter; and water heater for dishwashing.
 - g. The license will only be available for premises in the downtown and in shopping centers, as defined herein, with a minimum seating capacity of thirty (30) seats on the same floor or level so long as tables or booths occupy at least fifty (50) percent of the public area of the licensed premises at all times of operation of the business.
 - h. A license shall only be granted to establishments that do not provide video gaming services on the premises.
 - i. The sale of wine or beer through a drive-through window is prohibited.
 - j. The annual fee for a Class P license will be one thousand eight hundred fifteen dollars (\$1,815.00).
 - (17) Class Q-Craft winery license .

a. License shall authorize the on-site production and storage of wine manufactured on the premises for either on-premise or off-premise consumption. It also authorizes on-site sampling consumption of such wine by persons of at least twenty-one (21) years of age. The

retail sale of craft wine is limited to the craft wine manufactured on the premises and shall be permitted only during the authorized hours of business.

- b. Class Q licensees may offer for on-site consumption samples of wine produced on-site and sold pursuant to this classification. Licensees shall provide no more than three (3) free samples, each of which shall not exceed one (1) fluid ounce, to any customer in one (1) day.
- c. Wine purchased for consumption on premises shall be limited to servings no larger than five (5) ounces per volume. Wine sold within the licensed premises for consumption on the premises shall not be removed from the licensed premises. No alcoholic liquor shall be brought onto the licensed premises or consumed on the licensed premises other than wine sold at retail or offered for sampling.
- d. Class Q licensees must provide food service whenever wine is available for on-premise consumption sales of wine. The licensee is strictly liable for complying with all provisions regarding food service. Wine for product sampling or retail sale for on-site consumption shall be dispensed only in containers provided by the licensee.
- e. The portion of the licensed premises dedicated to the retail sale of craft wine shall be segregated from the remainder of the premises.
- f. Not more than twenty-five (25) percent of the total gross square footage area of the physical premises shall be designated to the retail sale of craft wine.

- g. The location of the retails sale and consumption of craft wine shall be limited to the retail portion of the license premises, except during supervised tours and private events.
 - h. Every Class Q licensee must have a valid First Class Wine Maker's License from the State of Illinois. Every licensee shall maintain accurate records as to the total gallons of wine manufactured on the premises and the total gallons of wine manufactured on the premises and sold for consumption off-premises. Licensee shall produce said records to the city upon request.
 - i. Video gaming on the premises is prohibited.
 - j. All applicable taxes including sales and beverage tax shall be collected and paid on all revenue realized from the sale of craft wine.
 - k. The annual payment fee for initial issuance or renewal of such license shall be one thousand eight hundred fifteen dollars (\$1,815.00).
 - 18. Class R-Distillery license.

- a. Authorizes the manufacture, storage and distribution of alcoholic liquors (except beer or wine) on and from the licensed premise. It also authorizes on-site sampling and sale by the drink of the on-site manufactured alcoholic liquor by persons of at least twenty-one (21) years of age. The retail sale of alcoholic liquor is limited to the product manufactured on premise.
- b. Class R may offer product sampling for consumption, provided that up to three (3) samples, consisting of no more than one-quarter (1/4) ounce of alcoholic liquor

may be served to a consumer in one (1) day. Alcoholic liquor for product sampling shall be dispensed only in containers provided by the licensee.

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- c. Sampling and on-premise sale by the glass may occur at the licensed premise during supervised tours or at an approved designated non-adjacent space within the same building.
 - d. Class R licensees must provide food service whenever alcoholic liquor is available for on-premise consumption sales. The licensee is strictly liable for complying with all provisions regarding food service.
 - e. The portion of the licensed premises dedicated to the manufacturing of alcoholic liquors shall be segregated from the remainder of the premises and shall not be generally accessible to the public except during scheduled public tours.
 - f. Any public tours of the manufacturing portion of the licensed premises shall be subject to public safety restrictions imposed by the fire department.
 - Every Class R licensee must have a valid distiller q. license from the State of Illinois and maintain the facilities on the premises for the manufacture of alcoholic liquors as authorized by the Illinois State Liquor Commission. Every licensee shall maintain accurate records as to the total volume of alcoholic liquor manufactured on the premises, total volume sold for off-premise consumption and total volume sold onpremise. Licensee shall produce said records to the city upon request.
 - h. Video gaming on the premises is prohibited.

- i. All applicable taxes including sales and beverage tax
 shall be collected and paid on all revenue realized
 from the sale of the alcoholic liquor.
- 4 j. The annual payment fee for such license shall be two 5 thousand and seventy dollars (\$2,070.00).
- 6 19. Class S-Recreational Facility .

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- a. Class S-Recreational facility license.
 - 1. Authorizes the licensee to sell to the general public alcohol liquor by the drink for consumption on the premises of a recreational facility where sold, and not for resale in any form. Sale in the original package for consumption off the premises is prohibited.
 - Recreational facility. A place 2. kept, maintained, advertised or held out to the public as a place in which the public may participate in activities, including but not limited to bowling, arcade, billiards, and indoor simulated golf. shall be unlawful for any licensee holding a license for a recreational facility to sell or offer for sale at retail, any alcoholic liquor on premises at any time when the regular and complete the recreational business of facility staffed, in actual operation, and open to the public for business. Bar/lounge seating shall be no more than twenty-five (25) percent of the total number of seats provided for patrons of the establishment.
 - 3. If the recreational facility has a dedicated area specifically for the purpose of dancing or live entertainment, it shall be unlawful for any person

under the age of twenty-one (21) years to be present in said area.

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- 4. Service of alcoholic liquor shall be only during the time that food is prepared on the premises and is available to be served and a menu, approved by the liquor commissioner is in effect. The facility must have on the premises an adequate and sanitary kitchen for the preparation of food items.
- 5. A cook or chef shall be employed at all times that the establishment is open for business. The primary duties of said cook or chef shall not include bartending or the serving of alcoholic liquor.
- 6. Such licenses shall only be issued to establishments with a total floor area equal to or greater than twenty thousand square feet (20,000), special permit for with а use amusement, entertainment or recreational use and where service of alcoholic beverages is ancillary and incidental to the amusement, entertainment recreational services. The license shall only be available for premises defined as a recreational facility herein that has a minimum seating capacity hundred twenty-five (125) seats, one inclusive of the seating around a bar used for alcoholic liquor consumption. In a shopping center, defined above, a new license shall also be available for premises defined as recreational facility herein that have a minimum seating capacity seventy-five (75) seats, non-inclusive of seating around a bar used for alcoholic liquor consumption. In the downtown, the license shall also

be available for premises defined as a recreational facility herein that have a minimum seating capacity of forty-eight (48) seats on the same floor or level, non-inclusive of the seating around a bar used for alcoholic liquor consumption.

- 7. Appropriate security for the space must be utilized at all times when alcoholic liquor is being sold or consumed on the premises of the recreational facility. A security plan must be submitted for approval by the Local Liquor Control Commissioner and must be updated on an annual basis with license renewal. The security plan must at a minimum address any age restrictions, identification of patrons twenty-one (21) and older, alcohol sale control measures, monitoring of the premises, and control of entrances and exits.
- 8. Video gaming on the premises is prohibited.
- b. Class S 1 Limited menu recreational facility.
 - 19. All of the requirements for recreational facility license apply, however, provided, that License holders may serve between the hours of 9:00 p.m. and closing Sunday through Thursday, and between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and closing on Friday and Saturday, a limited menu of five (5) hot food items from the full menu, at least two (2) of which must be a hot sandwich plate or similar, shall be served.

 A certified food preparer may substitute the requirement set forth in Sec. 6-8 (19)(5) during the time a limited menu is available.

- 2. A certified food preparer must prepare all limited
 menu items on premises, be present at all times
 during the sale of alcohol liquor, and while a
 lounge/bar on the premises is open.
- 5 3. The annual fee for any class S license shall be two thousand seventy dollars (\$2,070.00).
- 7 (Code 1969, § 6-8; Ord. No. 086-5553, § 2, 9-2-86; Ord. No. 087-
- 8 5622, § 1, 1-17-87; Ord. No. 089-66, § 1, 7-5-89; Ord. No. 089-
- 9 69, § 1, 7-18-89; Ord. No. 090-14, § 1, 9-18-90; Ord. No. 093-
- 10 45, § 1, 6-1-93; Ord. No. 093-50, § 1, 6-15-93; Ord. No. 093-69,
- 11 § 1, 9-7-93; Ord. No. 094-91, § 1, 9-6-94; Ord. No. 096-74, § 3,
- 12 6-25-96; Ord. No. 099-37, § 1, 5-25-99; Ord. No. 002-158, § 4,
- 13 12-10-02; Ord. No. 004-43, § 2, 4-27-04; Ord. No. 005-18, § 1,
- 14 2-22-05; Ord. No. 005-91, § 1, 7-12-05; Ord. No. 008-105, § 1,
- 15 11-14-08; Ord. No. 010-030, § 1, 6-8-10; Ord. No. 011-004, § 1,
- 16 3-8-11; Ord. No. O11-021, § 1, 5-24-11; Ord. No. O15-053, 8-25-
- 17 15; Ord. No. 016-013, 3-8-16; Ord. No. 016-040, 6-28-16; Ord.
- 18 No. 016-044, 7-12-16; Ord. No. 016-063, § 1, 9-13-16; Ord. No.
- 19 O16-070, § 1, 11-8-16; Ord. No. O17-004, 2-14-17; Ord. No. 018-
- 20 003, 1-23-18; Ord. No. 018-011, 1-23-18; Ord. No. 018-027, 3-13-
- 21 18)
- 22 Sec. 6-9. Number of licenses and fees.
- 23 city council shall determine, by ordinance (a) or 24 resolution, the number of licenses available classification. (This limitation shall not apply to temporary 25 permits issued by the local liquor control commissioner under 26 section 6-10 of this chapter.) Neither the local liquor 27 control commissioner nor any other person or entity may issue 28 29 liquor licenses in a number that is in excess of the number

- 1 authorized by the city council. A schedule of the currently
- 2 authorized number of licenses available shall be maintained
- 3 by the city clerk for the local liquor control commissioner.
- 4 (b) In addition, the city council may regulate the number of
- 5 licenses by considering at least the following criteria:
- 6 (1) The class of liquor license applied for;
- 7 (2) The past performance of the applicant; or if a
- 8 partnership, that of each of the partners; or if a
- 9 corporation, that of the officers, directors, and majority
- 10 stockholder, and manager, as a licensee;
- 11 (3) The character and reputation of the applicant; or if a
- partnership, that of each of the partners; or if a
- 13 corporation, that of the officers, directors, majority
- 14 stockholder and manager;
- 15 (4) The general design and layout of the proposed premises
- with particular attention given to the licensee's ability
- 17 to control access by minors;
- 18 (5) The amount of the applicant's anticipated gross revenue
- 19 from the sale of alcoholic liquor as compared with gross
- 20 revenue from other sources within the proposed licensed
- 21 premises;
- 22 (6) The nature of entertainment, if any, which the applicant
- intends to provide;
- 24 (7) The compliance of the premises with all ordinances of
- 25 the city and specifically health, building, property,
- 26 maintenance, housing, and fire safety ordinances;
- 27 (8) Any monies owed to the city by the applicant which have
- remained unpaid for a period of more than forty-five (45)
- days, whether for bills, taxes, licenses or otherwise;

- 1 (9) The number, class and type of licensed premises within a 2 one-mile radius of the proposed licensed premises, and 3 within the city as a whole;
- 4 (10) The zoning, general character of the surrounding 5 neighborhood and the projected impact of the premises upon 6 the surrounding neighborhood and the city as a whole;
- 7 (11) The law enforcement problems, if any, which would be created by the opening of the premises;
- 9 (12) The recommendation of the commissioner.
- 10 (c) The fee for each class of license shall be determined, from 11 time to time, by separate ordinance or resolution of the city 12 council.
- 13 (d) The annual fee hereinabove designated for said liquor 14 license shall be due and payable prior to the expiration of 15 the current year's license.
- 16 (e) The fee hereinabove designated for the liquor license shall
 17 be reduced in proportion to the full calendar months which
 18 have expired in the license year prior to the issuance of a
 19 new license.
- 20 (f) No part or portion of any fee paid under this section shall 21 be refundable for any purpose.
- 22 (g) Upon any license becoming forfeited, void or revoked for 23 any reason, the number of available licenses in that 24 classification shall automatically and immediately be reduced 25 by one (1).
- 26 (Code 1969, § 6-9; Ord. No. 086-5553, § 2, 9-2-86; Ord. No. 087-
- 27 5622, § 1, 1-17-87; Ord. No. 089-66, § 1, 7-5-89; Ord. No. 090-
- 28 14, § 2, 9-18-90; Ord. No. 093-05, § 1, 1-5-93; Ord. No. 093-45,
- 29 § 1, 6-1-93; Ord. No. 094-91, § 1, 9-6-94; Ord. No. 011-004, §

- 1 1, 3-8-11; Ord. No. O11-101, § 1, 12-20-11; Ord. No. O15-053, 8-
- 2 25-15; Ord. No. 018-027, 3-13-18)
- 3 Sec. 6-10. Special permits.
- 4 (a) Temporary permit.

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- local liquor control commissioner 5 (1)The shall 6 issue a temporary permit for authority to sale 7 alcoholic liquor to be consumed on the premises at a special event. "Special event," as used in this chapter, 8 means a preplanned, single gathering event or series of 9 related consecutive daily gatherings or events of 10 entertainment, cultural, recreational, or sporting nature, 11 or any other similar nature, held by an individual or 12 entity, whether for-profit or non-profit, where food and 13 drinks are sold, served or dispensed to members of the 14 public. A temporary liquor license is not required for a 15 16 private party.
 - (2) Such temporary permit may be issued to a club, society, fraternal or benevolent organization or association which is organized not for pecuniary profit or to a for-profit entity, organization or group, and shall only be valid for a single theme and at the same location for not more than fifteen (15) days from start to finish.
 - (3) All applicable state and local laws, ordinances, rules and regulations shall apply, including, without limitation, the requirements set forth in section 6-23 regarding completion of a state-certified beverage alcohol sellers and service education and training program prior to issuance of permit. Each written application for a temporary permit under this section must include the following documents:

a. Proof of a valid state liquor permit or license for special event (Note: For-profits must apply for a standard retailer's license from the state to hold a special event);

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- b. Dram shop liability insurance to the maximum limits, covering the specific date(s) of the special event; and
- c. Proof of completion of a state-certified beverage alcohol sellers and service education and training program shall not be required for each person serving or selling alcoholic beverages pursuant to a temporary liquor permit provided any such person is at all times supervised in the serving or selling of alcoholic beverages by not less than two (2) persons present at the alcohol sales or service area on the licensed premises and provided such supervisor has successfully completed said state-certified training.
- d. Each application for a temporary liquor permit shall identify each person who will be supervising serving or selling of alcoholic beverages at the alcohol sales or service area on the licensed premises. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (3) this section, each such designated supervisor shall submit proof of his or her successful completion of a state-certified beverage alcohol sellers and service training program education and at the time of application.
- (4) Any other documents the local liquor commissioner may request pursuant to state or local liquor control laws, rules and regulations.

- 1 (5) No more than twelve (12) temporary permits may be granted to any organization during a calendar year.
 - (6) Notwithstanding any of the above-mentioned provisions, a temporary liquor permit may be issued for the sale and consumption of beer at a regularly scheduled game or tournament at a privately owned sports stadium. Such permit shall be issued with the provision that the sale of beer cease at 10:30 p.m. and that the sale and consumption of beer not be allowed outside of the stadium area.
- 10 (7) Nothing contained in this section shall preclude the 11 issuance of a temporary permit to sell to the general 12 public alcoholic liquor, for consumption off the premises, 13 when participating in a city-sponsored event and with the 14 approval of the liquor control commissioner.
- (8) Exemption for "public body". Public bodies shall be 15 exempted from section 6-10 (d), but all other requirements 16 of this article shall apply. For purposes of this article, 17 "public body" shall mean the state, any county, township, 18 special district, school or school district, municipality, 19 20 or any official, board, commission or department thereof, other political subdivision of the state, 21 hereafter created. 22
- 23 (9) The fee for such permit shall be twenty five dollars
 24 (\$25.00) per day and shall accompany the written
 25 application.
- 26 (b) BYOB permit.

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27 (1) Authorizes the consumption of alcoholic liquor brought 28 onto the premises by a patron over the age of twenty-one 29 (21) for on-site consumption at a location that possesses

- either a City of Aurora Class D-1, E, E-1, or F Liquor License.
- 3 (2) BYOB shall be permitted in conjunction with the purchase 4 and consumption of a meal.
- 5 (3) BYOB shall be limited to no more than one (1) seven 6 hundred fifty (750) milliliter bottle of wine or thirty 7 six (36) ounces of beer per patron.
- 8 (4) BYOB shall be limited to the licensed premises.
- 9 (5) Permit holders may provide glassware and ice to patrons, 10 and may uncork, pour, serve or otherwise control the 11 consumption of the beer and wine.
- 12 (6) Permits will be available to license holders upon 13 submittal of a written application. The issuance of the 14 permit will be at the discretion of the local liquor 15 commissioner and will be renewed during the renewal of 16 annual liquor licenses.
- 17 (c) All applicable state and local laws, ordinances, rules and
 18 regulations shall apply, including, without limitation, the
 19 requirements set forth in section 6-23 regarding completion
 20 of a state-certified beverage alcohol sellers and service
 21 education and training program prior to issuance of permit.
 22 Each written application for a temporary permit under this
 23 section must include the following documents:
- 24 (1) Proof of a valid state liquor permit or license for 25 special event (Note: For-profits must apply for a standard 26 retailer's license from the state to hold a special 27 event);
- 28 (2) Dram shop liability insurance to the maximum limits, 29 covering the specific date(s) of the special event; and

- (3) Proof of completion of a state-certified beverage alcohol sellers and service education and training program shall not be required for each person serving or selling alcoholic beverages pursuant to a temporary liquor permit provided any such person is at all times supervised in the serving or selling of alcoholic beverages by not less than two (2) persons present at the alcohol sales or service area on the licensed premises and provided such supervisor has successfully completed said state-certified training.
- Each application for a temporary liquor permit shall 10 (4)11 identify each person who will be supervising the serving or selling of alcoholic beverages at the alcohol sales or 12 service area on the licensed premises. Notwithstanding the 13 provisions of subsection (3) of this section, each such 14 designated supervisor shall submit proof of his or her 15 successful completion of a state-certified 16 alcohol sellers and service education and training program 17 at the time of application. 18
- 19 (5) Any other documents the local liquor commissioner may 20 request pursuant to state or local liquor control laws, 21 rules and regulations.
- (d) No more than three (3) temporary permits may be granted to
 any organization during a calendar year.
- 24 (Code 1969, § 6-10; Ord. No. 086-5553, § 2, 9-2-86; Ord. No.
- 25 090-26, § 1, 3-6-90; Ord. No. 093-05, § 1, 1-5-93; Ord. No. 005-
- 26 18, § 2, 2-22-05; Ord. No. O10-030, § 1, 6-8-10; Ord. No. O11-
- 27 004, § 1, 3-8-11; Ord. No. 013-040, § 1, 7-23-13; Ord. No. 016-
- 28 070, § 1, 11-8-16; Ord. No. 018-003, 1-23-18; Ord. No. 018-011,
- 29 1-23-18)

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- 1 Sec. 6-11. Licenses and certificates to be posted.
- 2 Every licensee under this article shall cause his liquor
- 3 license, maximum occupancy load, and county health department
- 4 certificate to be framed and hung in plain view in a conspicuous
- 5 place on the licensed premises.
- 6 (Code 1969, § 6-11; Ord. No. 086-5553, § 2, 9-2-86; Ord. No.
- 7 008-105, § 1, 11-14-08)
- 8 Sec. 6-12. Lists of licenses.
- 9 (a) The local liquor control commissioner shall keep or cause
- 10 to be kept a complete list of all such licenses issued by him
- and furnish the city clerk, the city treasurer and the chief
- of police with copies thereof.
- 13 (b) Upon issuance or revocation of any license the local liquor
- 14 control commissioner shall give written notice of such action
- 15 to the city clerk, the city treasurer and the chief of police
- within forty-eight (48) hours of such action.
- 17 (Code 1969, § 6-12; Ord. No. 086-5553, § 2, 9-2-86)
- 18 Sec. 6-13. Allowed areas.
- 19 (a) A liquor license shall be issued only to establishments
- located in those portions of the city hereinafter classified
- 21 as predominantly business in character, unless otherwise
- 22 provided.
- 23 (b) It is determined for the purposes of this chapter that the
- 24 following described portions of the city are predominantly
- 25 business in character:
- 26 (1) Downtown, as defined herein.

1 (2) Shopping centers, as defined herein.

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- (3) Contiguous areas of at least fifteen (15) acres which are zoned under the terms of Ordinance No. 3100 amended, known as "Aurora Zoning Ordinance" and the map attached B-2 Business District-General Retail, B-3 thereto as and Wholesale District, BB Business-Boulevard Business District, ORI Office, Research and Light Industry District or M-1 Manufacturing District, Limited or combinations of said districts. In addition, any land zoned PDD-Planned Development District shall be included to the extent that such land has been designated for uses similar to the above zonings. Any area zoned R-1, R-2, R-3, R-4, R-5, B-1, M-2, downtown core, downtown fringe is specifically excluded from said business districts.
- 15 (c) (1) Nothing contained in this section shall preclude the 16 issuance of a liquor license to Class B-Fraternal Society 17 or Club, Class E-Restaurant or Class F-Beer and Wine 18 Restaurant establishments in portions of the City of 19 Aurora classified as predominantly business in character.
- 20 (2) No new Class A, Class B, Class E or Class F licenses may be issued after January 1, 2003 to any establishment that 21 is within five hundred (500) feet of 22 a residential property without the applicant obtaining a special use 23 24 permit allowing the issuance of said license, provided the property has adequate off-street parking, and complies 25 with all other requirements of the Code. However, if the 26 27 license is located in the downtown or a shopping center, as defined above, then a Class E or F license may be 28 issued without the need for a special use permit so long 29 as the license complies with all other requirements of the 30 31 Code. Current Class A, Class B, Class E and Class F

- establishments in portions of the city located within five hundred (500) feet of a residential property shall not be required to obtain a special use permit in order to renew their existing liquor license.
- No license shall be issued for the sale at retail of any 5 6 alcoholic liquor within one hundred (100) feet of a church, grade school, middle school, alternative school or high 7 school, hospital, or home for indigent persons. However, if 8 9 the license is located in the downtown or a shopping center, as defined above, then a Class D, E, F, J, K, I or M license 10 11 may be issued if the license is not located within one feet of a (100)grade school, middle 12 alternative school or high school. In the case of a church, 13 the distance of one hundred (100) feet shall be measured to 14 the nearest part of any building used for worship services or 15 educational programs and not to property boundaries. 16
- 17 (e) No Class A-Tavern license shall be issued for any location 18 that is within five hundred (500) feet of any location for 19 which any existing license is held except in the "downtown" 20 or "shopping centers."
- Nothing contained in this section shall preclude 21 22 issuance of a Class G-Package Beer and Wine License to establishments with more than ten thousand (10,000) square 23 24 feet devoted exclusively to retail sales and whose primary purpose is other than the sale of alcoholic 25 provided, that said establishment has met the appropriate 26 27 zoning regulations, has adequate off-street parking and has complied with the other requirements of this Code. 28
- (g) Outdoor seating areas serving alcohol shall be permittedonly on the premises of those licensees holding a Class A, B,

D, E, F, H, P, or S license. Nothing contained in this section shall preclude the approval and issuance of an outdoor seating area for a licensee located within the "downtown" area, defined as the downtown core and downtown fringe areas as defined from time to time, or "shopping centers" as defined in this article, provided that said establishment has met the other requirements as set forth in this section and has provided a business plan that includes, but is not limited to, a detailed plan to contain noise and music within its premises, as well as security and parking issues.

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- (1) Each licensee that desires to operate an outdoor seating area, must submit a permit request to the local liquor control commissioner. The local liquor control commissioner shall have final approval over any and all requests for an outdoor seating area. The application for outdoor seating area shall include:
 - A hard copy of a dimensioned plan drawn to scale including property lines showing the sidewalk or other outdoor space and all existing public improvements and encroachments such as light posts, benches, planters, fencing, trash receptacles, fences, trees and tree grates in the area, bicycle racks and newspaper boxes. The diagram shall also include the location of the curb relative to the building and proposed location of all furniture and equipment to be placed on the sidewalk or area. There shall be a single entry into the outdoor seating area from within the licensed premise and that entryway must be from within the licensed premise establishments located except for downtown. For businesses in the downtown a security plan must be

submitted detailing the means to be taken to provide for adequate control of the area.

- b. Proof that the applicant has written approval from the owner of the property for the outdoor seating area to be used by the applicant if the applicant or the City of Aurora is not the owner of the property.
- c. The applicant for an outdoor seating area shall provide the city with copies of the certificates of insurance for the required policies for each type of insurance naming the City as an additional, non-contributory insured party:
 - 1. Worker's compensation insurance in at least the required statutory limits;
 - 2. Comprehensive general liability insurance, including owner's protective liability insurance and contractual liability insurance covering claims for personal injury and property damage with limits of at least two million (\$2,000,000.00) dollars per occurrence, and two million (\$2,000,000.00) dollars for any single injury; and
 - 3. The required insurance policies shall each provide that they shall not be changed or cancelled during the life of the licensee period or until thirty (30) days after written notice of such change has been delivered to the city.
- (2) The outdoor area upon which alcoholic beverages will be served must be clearly designated and segregated by use of a temporary or permanent fence or barrier approved by the city that is no less than twenty four-inches (24") in height and no more than seventy-two inches (72") in height

and provided with required, unobstructed exits as prescribed herein and by the City of Aurora Code as adopted from time to time.

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- a. Barrier designs. A variety of styles and designs are permissible for outdoor seating areas.
 - Sectional fencing. Sectional fencing (generally 1. defined as rigid fence segments that can be placed together to create a unified fencing appearance) is a desirable solution for outdoor seating areas using barriers. Such fencing is portable, but cannot be easily shifted by patrons or pedestrians, as can less rigid forms of enclosures. Sectional fencing must be of metal (aluminum, steel, iron or similar) of wood or composite construction. In t.he fences shall be fabricated downtown area of decorative metal. Chain link, plastic, vinyl, or wood fences are prohibited.
 - 2. Posts. Vertical support posts (stanchions, bollards, etc.) must be constructed of wood, metal (aluminum, steel, iron or similar), or composite materials. In the downtown area posts shall be fabricated of decorative metal.
 - 3. Stanchion base must not be a tripping hazard. If a stanchion or other vertical supporting device is attached to a base, that base must be adequate to support the stanchion as approved by the city. No domed stanchion bases are permitted.
- b. Freestanding or attached. Any barrier may be freestanding without any permanent or temporary

1 attachments to buildings, sidewalks or other
2 infrastructure or may be attached to a building.

- c. Planters. Planters may be used in addition to or in place of other barrier designs. Planters and the plants contained within them must meet the following requirements:
 - 1. Maximum height of planters. Planters may not exceed a height of thirty- six (36) inches above the ground. (this pertains to the planter only, not the plants contained therein).
 - 2. Maximum height of plants. Plants (or seasonal displays of natural landscape material) may not exceed a height of seventy-two (72) inches above the level of the ground.
 - 3. Planter material. All planters must have plants (live, artificial, or seasonal) contained within them. If the live plants within the planter die, the plants must be replaced or the planter removed. Empty planters with only dirt, mulch, straw, woodchips or similar material are not permitted.
- d. Natural barriers. Barriers may be natural in design such as a hedge, shrub or other plant material approved by the city.
- e. Prohibited Barrier Styles.
 - 1. Fabric inserts. Fabric inserts (whether natural or synthetic fabric) of any size are not permitted to be used as part of a barrier.
 - 2. Chain-link and other fencing. The use of chain-link, cyclone fencing, chicken wire or similar

appurtenances is prohibited for the outdoor seating license. Materials not specifically manufactured for fencing or pedestrian control (including but not limited to such items as buckets, food containers, tires, tree stumps, vehicle parts, pallets, etc.) are not permitted and may not be used as components of a barrier.

- f. A separate emergency exit out of the outdoor café area may be required before the request is approved.
- (3) The proposed use shall not unreasonably interfere with pedestrian or vehicular traffic or with access to parked vehicles, and in no event shall the uses permitted by an outdoor seating area reduce the open portion of any sidewalk or walkway to less than five (5) feet in width for more than two hundred (200) feet in length.
 - a. In order to allow adequate pedestrian traffic areas,

 Federal and State accessibility requirements and

 emergency access around outdoor dining areas, the

 following dimensional requirements must be observed:
 - 1. A space at least thirty-six (36) inches wide for unobstructed ingress/egress must be maintained between any restaurant doorway and the pedestrian traffic corridor.
 - 2. Location: Access openings should be placed in a location that will not create confusion for visually impaired pedestrians and as approved by the fire department.
- b. Design and placement of tables and chairs, as well as other equipment shall comply with applicable

requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act and the Illinois Accessibility Act.

- c. All applicable County Health Department sanitation requirements shall be followed for outdoor food handling. The permittee shall be responsible for posting the outdoor seating area as to any special Health Department requirements.
- d. All public areas encompassed by the outdoor seating area shall be maintained in a sanitary manner at all times. Food scraps and containers shall be disposed of in appropriate refuse containers on a regular basis during the day by the permittee. Sweeping of refuse or food scraps into tree grates is not permitted.
- e. Licensees are responsible for emptying the public trash containers placed by the city if they should become full prior to the next regular pickup time.
- f. Licensees shall see that the public areas encompassed by their outdoor seating area are clean at the end of each business day, so as not to have any food or drink leftovers remaining which would pose an attraction to animals or insects. Each permit holder shall wash, as needed, the public area to remove any food or drink residue that may attract animals and/or create a pedestrian slip hazard.
- g. No tables, umbrellas, enclosure fencing, or other equipment shall be attached or affixed to the sidewalk, parkway, poles or any other public facilities.
- h. Partitions, chairs, tables, lighting, serving stations and other amenities included in the outdoor seating area shall be approved by the city. The outdoor seating

area shall be maintained in compliance with the approved site plan.

- i. An inspection of the outdoor seating area shall be made by the city prior to approval of the outdoor seating area. Inspections may include, but are not limited to, inspections by the building department, police department and fire department prior to issuance of the permit.
- j. The arrangement and number of tables and chairs within the authorized boundaries of the outdoor seating area shall reflect the approved plan and shall not be substantially changed, altered, added to or reduced without the approval by the city during the annual permit period.
- k. The licensee has an affirmative duty to prohibit any alcoholic liquor from leaving the permitted service area, except in a package properly sealed, bagged and receipted pursuant to Section 6-25(e) of the City of Aurora Code of Ordinances.
- 1. The licensee shall indemnify, defend, protect, and hold harmless the city, its corporate authorities, officers, employees, agents and volunteers from and against any and all claims, demands, losses, damages, liabilities, fines, charges, penalties, administrative and judicial proceedings and orders, judgments, remedial actions of any kind, all costs and cleanup actions of any kind, and all costs and expenses incurred in connection therewith, including but not limited to reasonable attorney's fees, expert witness fees and costs of defense (collectively, the "Losses")

directly or proximately resulting from licensee's acts or omissions, except to the extent that the city is the legal cause of said losses. The foregoing circumstances notwithstanding, shall under no issuance of any license provided for under the Aurora Municipal Code, including but not limited to a liquor license, to the licensee or any other person or entity constitute an act of negligence or willful misconduct. Nothing set forth in the said license shall be deemed a waiver by the city of any defenses or immunities relating to the licensee or its property, or to any person or entity or their property, that are or would be otherwise available to the city or its corporate authorities, officers, employees, agents and volunteers under the common law of the State of Illinois or the United States of America. The provisions of this section shall survive the expiration or earlier termination of each approved outdoor seating area, or the renewal thereof.

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- (4) For new outdoor seating areas approved after March 28, 2017, the permit shall be valid for the same term as the liquor license. The holder of a permit shall re-apply on an annual basis in conjunction with the renewal of the annual liquor license. There is an initial application fee of \$100.00. Renewals will comprise of submission of the outdoor seating plan.
- (5) In the event that the local liquor control commissioner refuses to grant permission for an outdoor seating area, he shall place on file in his office the rejected application and a document setting forth the reasons for his refusal to grant the permit. Copies of the rejected

- application and the document setting forth the reasons for refusal shall also be served by certified mail upon the licensee at the address stated on the license application.
- 4 (6) The rejected applicant may, within ten (10) days from 5 the receipt of said notice of rejection, request a hearing 6 before the local liquor control commissioner, at which 7 time all interested parties shall be heard.
- 8 (7) The licensee must comply with all other provisions of this Code.
- 10 (Code 1969, § 6-13; Ord. No. 086-5553, § 2, 9-2-86; Ord. No.
- 11 087-5622, § 1, 1-17-87; Ord. No. 088-85, § 1, 8-2-88; Ord. No.
- 12 089-66, § 1, 7-5-89; Ord. No. 092-120, § 1, 12-15-92; Ord. No.
- 13 094-91, § 1, 9-6-94; Ord. No. 002-158, § 5, 12-10-02; Ord. No.
- 14 004-43, § 3, 4-27-04; Ord. No. 005-18, § 3, 2-22-05; Ord. No.
- 15 008-24, § 2, 3-25-08; Ord. No. 010-030, § 1, 6-8-10; Ord. No.
- 16 017-014, § 3-28-17)
- 17 Sec. 6-14. Drive-through—service prohibited and delivery
- 18 service.
- 19 (a) No licensee under this chapter shall sell alcoholic liquor
- 20 at a drive-through facility. where the customer or purchaser
- 21 can purchase or receive delivery of alcoholic liquor without
- 22 exiting a motor vehicle or without entering such building or
- 23 structure where alcoholic liquor is sold.
- 24 (b). Alcoholic liquor delivered to any premises located in the
- 25 City which does not hold a valid liquor license or grocery store
- 26 pick-up is subject to the following restrictions:
- 27 (1) Alcoholic liquor must be delivered by an individual of at
- least twenty-one (21) years of age or older.

- 1 (2) Deliveries must not be between the hours of eleven o'clock
- 2 (11:00) p.m. and nine o'clock (9:00) a.m. on weekdays and
- 3 eleven o'clock (11:00) p.m. and eleven o'clock (11:00) a.m. on
- 4 Sundays.
- 5 (3) Payments may not be accepted nor orders placed at the
- 6 delivery location.
- 7 (4) The express carrier, common carrier or contract carrier or
- 8 agent of a liquor license holder that carries or transports
- 9 alcoholic liquor into or within the city shall not deliver or
- 10 leave such deliveries without requiring signature of an
- individual twenty-one (210 years of age or older.
- 12 (5) Adequate evidence of proof of age should be produced to
- the delivery agent in all instances of delivery.
- 14 (6) a record shall be kept by the express company, common
- 15 <u>carrier or contract carrier or agent of a liquor license</u>
- 16 holder who delivers alcoholic liquor into or within the city
- indicating the purchaser's name, address, driver's
- 18 license/state identification number, time, date and place of
- delivery and the individual's deliverer's identity.
- 20 (Code 1969, § 6-14; Ord. No. 086-5553, § 2, 9-2-86)
- 21 Sec. 6-15. Entertainment.
- 22 (a) Entertainment shall be allowed for all licenses that allow
- for consumption of alcoholic liquor on the premises.
- 24 (b) Such entertainment shall conform to the following
- 25 provisions:

- 1 (1) Entertainment shall be confined to a designated stage 2 area that is separate from the audience or in a designated 3 lounge area.
- 4 (2) Dancing by patrons and customers shall be allowed only 5 in areas specifically designated for dancing.
- 6 (3) Entertainers at Class A—Tavern establishments shall be 7 at least twenty-one (21) years of age.
- 8 (4) Entertainers may not solicit alcoholic beverages from 9 customers or patrons of the establishment in which the 10 entertainer is performing.
- 11 Entertainment for purposes of this chapter may consist acts, 12 of live such as vocal soloists instrumental soloists or groups or spoken word soloists or 13 14 groups, disc jockeys, karaoke, and pay-per-view streamed 15 events.
- 16 (c) Admission may be charged to the lounge only, at the lounge 17 entrance itself, and only when entertainment is provided. No 18 cover charge, admission charge or other type of charge may be 19 charged to enter the premises of a restaurant.
- 20 (d) No licensee shall allow the sale, modeling or display of 21 lingerie, swimwear or sexually explicit clothing on the 22 licensed premises.
- 23 (e) No licensee shall allow entertainment of a sexual nature, 24 including, without limitation, mud wrestling or wrestling in 25 any other medium or erotic, topless or nude dancers.
- 26 (f) Licensee shall notify the local liquor control commissioner 27 or his designee at least five (5) business days in advance of 28 any entertainment, giving the name and nature of the

- 1 entertainment and the timeframe in which the entertainment
- will take place at the licensee establishment.
- 3 (Code 1969, § 6-15; Ord. No. 086-5553, § 2, 9-2-86; Ord. No.
- 4 087-5622, § 1, 1-17-87; Ord. No. 091-36, § 1, 5-21-91; Ord. No.
- 5 094-91, § 1, 9-6-94; Ord. No. 002-158, § 6, 12-10-02; Ord. No.
- 6 003-145, § 1, 11-4-03; Ord. No. 015-053, 8-25-15)
- 7 Sec. 6-16. Sound amplification.
- 8 It shall be unlawful for any licensee to permit or allow any
- 9 sound amplification outside the bounds of a structure or the
- 10 licensed premises between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 10:00 a.m.
- 11 This shall include any outdoor areas of the licensed premises,
- 12 including, but not limited to, volleyball courts, beer gardens,
- 13 horseshoe pits, tennis courts and similar areas.
- 14 (Code 1969, § 6-16; Ord. No. 086-5553, § 2, 9-2-86; Ord. No.
- 15 088-72, § 1, 6-28-88; Ord. No. 002-158, § 7, 12-10-02)
- 16 Sec. 6-17. Control of parking and adjacent premises.
- 17 (a) No establishment, business, licensee or their agents shall
- 18 allow any illegal drug use, illegal drug sale, or other
- 19 criminal activity to occur on the licensed premises and
- 20 adjacent premises.
- 21 (b) Each licensee shall have the duty to maintain a peaceful
- 22 and orderly business premises. This is referred to as the
- 23 "Maintenance of Order Standard." This shall be accomplished
- 24 by establishing and maintaining the optimum precautions and
- 25 actions that are practical to deter and prevent fighting,
- 26 including, without limitation, hiring extra security and
- 27 routine training to servers and security personnel on
- deterring or preventing fights. The duty to prevent fighting

- 1 shall be applicable both to precautionary and training
- 2 matters and to the steps taken once fight breaks out or is in
- 3 imminent danger of breaking out. In determining whether a
- 4 violation of this section has occurred, the local liquor
- 5 control commissioner may consider the following matters,
- 6 among others:
- 7 (1) Prior incidents of reported or unreported fighting.
- 8 (2) Whether any fight participant was impaired and the 9 extent to which the impairment occurred on the premises.
- 10 (3) Whether any participant was served by the licensee after 11 the participant's impairment should have been evident to
- the licensee.
- 13 (4) Whether any participant was impaired and whether the 14 licensee had an opportunity to effect that person's 15 removal from the premises.
- 16 (5) The degree of expediency the licensee observed in 17 calling the police when it should have been evident that a 18 fight was imminent.
- 19 (6) The actions of the licensee in reacting to the fight.
- 20 (7) The extent and type of training given to the licensee's 21 employees in such matters as recognizing impairment, over-22 serving and prevention of altercations.
- 23 (8) Whether minors were involved in fighting.
- 24 (9) The sufficiency or number of persons on duty and 25 employed by the licensee at the time of the fight.
- 26 After consideration of all of the circumstances, the local 27 liquor control commissioner may make a determination of 28 whether the Maintenance of Order Standard was violated. If it 29 is determined that a violation occurred, the commissioner may

- impose any penalty set forth in sections 6-30 and 6-31, up to
- and including license revocation.
- 3 (c) The following procedure shall be observed by a licensee
- 4 with respect to the outbreak or threatened outbreak of a
- 5 fight:
- 6 (1) The licensee shall notify the police department
- 7 immediately when the licensee knows or, in the exercise of
- 8 ordinary judgment, should know that a fight is occurring
- 9 or imminent.
- 10 (2) Within forty-eight (48) hours of the occurrence, the
- 11 licensee shall file with the local liquor control
- 12 commissioner a report containing the following
- information:
- 14 (i) The number of persons involved in the fight;
- 15 (ii) The approximate amount of alcohol consumed on the
- 16 premises by each person involved in the fight:
- 17 (iii) What action, if any, was taken by the licensee to
- 18 prevent the fight;
- 19 (iv) What action, if any, was taken by licensee after the
- 20 fight began;
- 21 (v) Licensee's corrective actions taken to address, deter
- 22 and prevent future incidents, including, without
- limitation, names of any training courses provided and
- the name of any security company or individual officers
- 25 contracted to provide assistance in deterring or
- 26 preventing fights.
- 27 (d) Failure by licensee to give immediate notification to the
- 28 police department of a fight on the licensed premises or
- 29 failure to file a report as required in subsection (c) of

- this section shall cause licensee to be subject to a fine as set forth in section 6-31 of this chapter and/or suspension or revocation of the liquor license. For purposes of this section, "immediate" shall mean at the very moment that a party threatens another, actually commences fighting with another or a breach of the peace is imminent.
- 7 (e) In addition to the requirements of any parking ordinances, 8 all licensed premises pursuant to this chapter that are 9 located outside the downtown shall comply with the following:
- All license classifications which allow 10 (1)consumption of alcoholic liquor on the premises shall 11 12 provide at least one (1) off-street parking space per twenty (20) feet of building area (as defined by the 13 14 current Building Code adopted by the City of Aurora) in the establishment or one (1) space per three (3) 15 occupants based upon the maximum capacity established 16 17 by the fire marshal, whichever is greater.

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- b. All license classifications which do not allow the consumption of alcoholic liquor on the premises shall provide at least one (1) off-street parking space for each three hundred (300) square feet of retail space in the establishment.
- 23 (2) a. Any licensed establishment with a parking area
 24 adjacent to a residence must provide adequate screening
 25 between the parking lot and the residence. Such
 26 screening shall be at least six (6) feet in height
 27 along the entire line between the residential lot and
 28 the parking lot.
- 29 b. The licensee shall keep the parking area clear of 30 litter and debris and keep all properties adjacent to

- the licensed premises clear of alcoholic liquor containers to the extent allowed by adjacent property owners.
- c. The licensee shall keep the sidewalk adjacent to the licensed premises clear of motor vehicles at all times.

 No parking shall be allowed in that area of the public right-of-way lying between the sidewalk and the curb.
- d. The licensee shall keep the adjacent premises and parking areas which are under its control free from loitering by individuals. Such areas shall be posted to prohibit loitering. No pay telephone shall be allowed in the adjacent areas or parking areas unless such pay telephones are programmed not to receive incoming telephone calls.
- e. All parking areas shall be lighted from dusk to closing time so that illumination is case adequately over the entire parking area for public safety and visibility. All lighting shall be arranged to reflect light away from adjoining property and public streets.
- 20 (Code 1969, § 6-17; Ord. No. 086-5553, § 2, 9-2-86; Ord. No.
- 21 090-114, § 3, 9-18-90; Ord. No. 091-36, § 2, 5-21-91; Ord. No.
- 22 094-91, § 1, 9-6-94; Ord. No. 004-172, § 1, 12-21-04; Ord. No.
- 23 008-105, § 1, 11-4-08; Ord. No. 015-053, 8-25-15)
- 24 Sec. 6-18. Signs.
- In addition to the requirements of any sign ordinance, all
- 26 signs on licensed premises and adjacent premises shall comply
- 27 with the following:
- 28 (1) The licensee shall establish or maintain on the licensed 29 premises or adjacent premises an exterior sign which

- identifies the licensed premises and may identify the type of business.
- 3 (2) Exterior signs on the premises of Class B-Fraternal
 4 Society or Club, Class F-Beer and Wine Restaurants and
 5 Class G-Package Beer and Wine licensed establishments must
 6 be limited to those which identify the establishment and

shall

not

advertise

alcoholic

8 beverages.

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- 9 (Code 1969, § 6-18; Ord. No. 086-5553, § 2, 9-2-86; Ord. No.
- 10 087-5622, § 1, 1-17-87; Ord. No. 088-71, Exh. A, 6-21-88; Ord.
- 11 No. 089-66, § 1, 7-5-89; Ord. No. 094-91, § 1, 9-6-94)

which

12 Sec. 6-19. - Change of location.

readerboards

- 13 A liquor license shall permit the sale of alcoholic liquor
- 14 only on the premises described in the application and license.
- 15 However, such location may be changed only with submission of a
- 16 new application along with required documentation.
- 17 (Code 1969, § 6-19; Ord. No. 085-5553, § 2, 9-2-86; Ord. No.
- 18 093-05, § 1, 1-5-93; Ord. No. 011-004, § 1, 3-8-11; Ord. No.
- 19 015-053, 8-25-15)
- 20 Sec. 6-20. Manager or officer.
- 21 (a) No liquor license shall operate without an approved
- 22 manager. However, such manager may be changed provided the
- 23 following criteria are met:
- 24 (1) That a payment be made in the amount of fifty dollars
- (\$50.00).
- 26 $(\frac{2}{2})$ That the proposed new manager is a person who is qualified or possesses the same qualifications required of

- the licensee, except that the manager shall not be required to be a resident of the city.
- 3 (3 2) That а written application be provided with 4 information as required by the local liquor control commissioner. The applicant shall submit to a background 5 and shall provide the local 6 check liquor control commissioner with any documents for 7 necessary said background check. 8
- 9 (4 3) That written permission be given by the local liquor control commissioner authorizing such change in manager.
- 11 (b) Any establishment which has a change of officer (president,
 12 secretary, or treasurer) or if less than fifty (50) percent
 13 of a partnership changes, the licensee shall notify the local
 14 liquor control commissioner within ten (10) days of such
 15 change. Such change of officer or partner will be allowed
 16 provided the following criteria are met:
- 17 (1) That the proposed new officer is a person who is 18 qualified or possesses the same qualifications required of 19 the licensee, except that said officer shall not be 20 required to be a resident of the City of Aurora.
- 21 (2) That a written application be provided with information 22 as required by the local liquor control commissioner. The 23 applicant shall submit to a background check and shall 24 provide the local liquor control commissioner with any 25 documents necessary for said background check.
- 26 (3) That written permission be given by the local liquor 27 control commissioner authorizing such change in officer or 28 partner.
- 29 (c) All license classifications which allow the consumption of 30 alcoholic liquor on the premises shall, at all times, have on

- duty a designated person in charge of the establishment who
- 2 has completed successfully an application and background
- 3 check with the local liquor control commissioner prior to
- 4 begin such duties.
- 5 (Code 1969, § 6-20; Ord. No. 086-5553, § 2, 9-2-86; Ord. No.
- 6 087-5677, § 1, 1-17-87; Ord. No. 088-71, Exh. A, 6-21-88; Ord.
- 7 No. 093-05, § 1, 1-5-93; Ord. No. 094-091, § 1, 9-6-94; Ord. No.
- 8 002-158, § 8, 12-10-02; Ord. No. 011-004, § 1, 3-8-11; Ord. No.
- 9 018-003, 1-23-18)
- 10 Sec. 6-21. Sanitary conditions.
- 11 All premises used for the retail sale of alcoholic liquor, or
- 12 for the storage of such liquor for sale shall be kept in a clean
- 13 and sanitary condition and shall be kept in full compliance with
- 14 the ordinances regulating the condition of the premises used for
- 15 the storage or sale of food for human consumption. The licensee
- 16 shall comply with all applicable building, property maintenance,
- 17 fire and health codes of the state, the city and the county in
- 18 which it is located.
- 19 (Code 1969, § 6-21; Ord. No. 086-5553, § 2, 9-2-96; Ord. No.
- 20 094-91, § 1, 9-6-94; Ord. No. 002-158, § 9, 12-10-02)
- 21 Sec. 6-22. Employees.
- 22 (a) No licensee or his representative, agent or employee shall
- employ or permit any person under the age of twenty-one (21)
- years to act as his agent, barkeeper, clerk, servant,
- 25 employee or entertainer in or about any premises offering
- 26 alcoholic beverages for sale, except as provided hereinafter.
- 27 (b) This subsection shall not apply to those employees of a
- 28 licensee whose business is not predominantly the sale of

- 1 alcoholic liquor such as restaurants, clubs, hotels, bowling
- 2 alleys, grocery stores, drugstores, and the like; provided
- 3 the employee meets the following requirements:
- 4 (1) That said employee is otherwise qualified by law for such employment;
- 6 (2) That said employee is at least eighteen (18) years of age;
- 8 (3) That said employee's duties are not solely related to or 9 connected with the sale or dispensing of alcoholic 10 beverages;
- 11 (4) That authorization for the sale or dispensing of 12 alcoholic beverages is performed by an employee over the 13 age of twenty-one (21) years prior to the sale or 14 dispensing occurs;
- 15 (5) That said employee is not employed at a Class A—Tavern 16 or in a lounge unless his duties are totally unrelated to 17 the sale or dispensing of alcoholic beverages and his 18 duties do not require him to be present in that area set 19 aside for the consumption of alcoholic liquor.
- 20 (c) Any person employed by any licensee to serve in the 21 capacity of manager, bartender or barkeeper shall possess the 22 same qualifications required of the licensee.
- 23 (d) All employees on the premises used for the retail sale of 24 alcoholic liquor shall comply with the provisions of any 25 ordinances of the city relative to food establishments with 26 regard to the health of employees and patrons of the 27 establishment.
- 28 (e) It shall be unlawful to employ in any premises used for the 29 sale of alcoholic liquor any person who is afflicted with or

- who is a carrier of any contagious, infectious disease, and
- 2 it shall be unlawful for any person who is afflicted or a
- 3 carrier of any such disease to work in or about any premises,
- 4 or be engaged in any way in handling, preparation or
- 5 distribution of such liquor.
- 6 (f) No person may be employed by any liquor licensee if that
- 7 person has been convicted of a felony within the past five
- 8 (5) years.
- 9 (g) All employees whose job involves food preparation or the
- 10 serving of food or beverages shall wear a uniform or
- 11 appropriate attire which excludes lingerie, swimwear or
- sexually explicit clothing.
- 13 (Code 1969, § 6-22; Ord. No. 086-5553, § 2, 9-2-86; Ord. No.
- 14 087-5622, § 1, 1-17-87; Ord. No. 089-66, § 1, 7-5-89; Ord. No.
- 15 094-91, § 1, 9-6-94; Ord. No. 002-158, § 10, 12-10-02; Ord. No.
- 16 008-015, § 1, 11-4-08)
- 17 Sec. 6-23. Alcohol sellers and servers training requirements.
- 18 (a) Effective May 1, 2010, all new applications shall be
- 19 accompanied by proof of completion of a state-certified
- 20 beverage alcohol sellers and service education and training
- 21 program for all persons who serve or sell alcoholic beverages
- 22 pursuant to that license.
- 23 (b) All licensees submitting renewal applications for the term
- 24 May 1, 2010, through April 30, 2012, must, within ninety (90)
- 25 days, submit proof of completion of a state-certified
- 26 beverage alcohol sellers and service education and training
- 27 program for all persons who serve or sell alcoholic beverages
- 28 pursuant to that license. All renewal applications for terms

- thereafter shall be accompanied by said proof of statecertified training for all required employees.
- New employees or managers of a licensee, who are required to complete said training shall, within ninety (90) days from the beginning of their employment with that licensee, complete the state-certified beverage alcohol sellers and service education and training program and shall, until completion of said program, work under the supervision of a person who has completed said program.
- 10 (d) A photocopy of evidence of completion of a state-certified 11 beverage alcohol sellers and service education and training 12 program must be filed with the city clerk within twenty-one 13 (21) days of completion of said program.
- 14 (e) Employees or managers of the licensee who have completed a
 15 state-certified beverage alcohol sellers and service
 16 education and training program shall maintain evidence of
 17 completion of said program on the premises of the licensee or
 18 on their person while on the premises of the licensee.
- 19 (Ord. No. 010-030, § 1, 6-8-10; Ord. No. 018-003, 1-23-18)
- 20 Sec. 6-24. Possession and consumption of alcoholic liquor in public place.
- 22 (a) No person shall consume any alcoholic liquor in any public 23 location or place, including, without limitations, retail 24 store locations, within the city except on the premises 25 licensed for the retail sale and consumption of alcoholic 26 liquors except as hereinafter provided. For purposes of this 27 section, the prohibition applies to all possession or 28 consumption of alcohol, regardless of whether the alcohol

- 1 consumed was sold on premises or was provided by someone
- other than the owner or lessee of the premises.
- 3 (b) This section shall not apply to any public fair, picnic or
- 4 similar assembly if approved by the local liquor control
- 5 commissioner. Such alcoholic beverages shall be dispensed and
- 6 consumed in containers other than glass or metal and adequate
- 7 waste receptacles shall be provided for the resulting refuse.
- 8 (c) No person shall sell at retail for consumption on the
- 9 premises any nonalcoholic beverage or ice knowing the same to
- 10 be intended to be mixed with any alcoholic liquor, except
- 11 upon the premises licensed for retail sale of alcoholic
- 12 liquor for consumption on the premises.
- 13 (d) No person shall sell, consume, or possess any alcoholic
- 14 liquor in any place that is operating as a pool hall or
- 15 arcade unless such premises are licensed for the retail sale
- 16 and consumption of alcoholic liquors as provided in this
- 17 section.
- 18 (e) No person shall possess alcoholic liquor in any public
- 19 place within the city except in the original package and with
- the seal unbroken.
- 21 (Code 1969, § 6-23; Ord. No. 086-5553, § 2, 9-2-86; Ord. No.
- 22 087-5622, § 1, 1-17-87; Ord. No. 088-71, Exh. A, 6-21-88; Ord.
- 23 No. 010-030, § 1, 6-8-10; Ord. No. 015-053, 8-25-15)
- 24 Sec. 6-25. Carrying of alcoholic liquor from the premises.
- 25 (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to carry any alcoholic
- 26 liquor in an unsealed or opened container from the licensed
- 27 premises where such alcoholic liquor was purchased.

- 1 (b) No licensee or employee of a licensee under this article
 2 shall permit any patron to violate this section nor continue
 3 to sell alcoholic liquors to any person knowing that such
 4 person intends to carry the alcoholic liquor from the
- 6 (c) It shall be unlawful for any licensee, owner, manager,
 7 bartender or any employee of said licensee to allow any
 8 patron to leave the licensed premises with open liquor.

licensed premises in an open or unsealed container.

- 9 (d) It shall be unlawful for any person to transport, carry,
 10 possess or have any alcoholic liquor in or upon or about any
 11 passenger area of a motor vehicle in the city except in the
 12 original package and with the seal unbroken.
- 13 (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, Class 14 E-Restaurant and Class F-Beer and Wine Restaurant liquor licensees may permit a patron to remove one unsealed and 15 consumed bottle of wine for off-premises 16 partially consumption provided that the patron has purchased a meal and 17 consumed a portion of the bottle of wine with the meal on the 18 restaurant premises. A partially consumed bottle of wine that 19 20 is to be removed from the premises pursuant to this section 21 shall be securely sealed by the licensee or an agent of the 22 licensee prior to removal from the premises and placed in a transparent one-time use tamper-proof bag. The licensee or 23 24 agent of the licensee shall provide a dated receipt for the bottle of wine to the patron. 25
- 26 (f) This section shall not apply to the passengers in a 27 limousine when it is being used for purposes for which a 28 limousine is ordinarily used, the passengers on a chartered 29 bus when it is being used for purposes for which chartered 30 buses are ordinarily used or on a motor home or mini motor

- 1 home, as defined herein. However, the driver of any such
- vehicle is prohibited from consuming or having any alcoholic
- 3 liquor in or about the driver's area. Any evidence of
- 4 alcoholic consumption by the driver shall be prima facie
- 5 evidence of such driver's failure to obey this section.
- 6 (Code 1969, § 6-24; Ord. No. 086-5553, § 2, 9-2-86; Ord. No.
- 7 008-105, § 1, 11-4-08; Ord. No. 010-030, § 1, 6-8-10)
- 8 Sec. 6-26. Sale/transportation in original package.
- 9 It shall be unlawful for any person holding a license to fill
- 10 or refill, in whole or in part, any original package of
- 11 alcoholic liquor with the same or any other kind or quality of
- 12 alcoholic liquor.
- 13 (Code 1969, § 6-25; Ord. No. 086-5553, § 2, 9-2-86; Ord. No.
- 14 087-5622, § 1, 1-17-87; Ord. No. 094-91, § 1, 9-6-94; Ord. No.
- 15 008-105, § 1, 11-4-08; Ord. No. 010-030, § 1, 6-8-10)
- 16 Sec. 6-27. Prohibited products.
- 17 (a) It shall be unlawful for any person holding a liquor
- 18 license to sell at retail for consumption off the premises
- where sold, any single can, bottle or other container holding
- 20 beer or wine that contains sixteen (16) fluid ounces/four
- 21 hundred seventy-five (475) milliliters or less which is
- refrigerated or displayed in ice.
- 23 (b) It shall be unlawful for any person holding a liquor
- license to sell at retail any single container holding less
- 25 than seven hundred fifty (750) milliliters of wine where
- 26 alcohol content determined by volume exceeds thirteen (13)
- percent.

- 1 (c) It shall be unlawful for any person holding a liquor
- 2 license to sell at retail any alcoholic liquor where alcohol
- 3 content determined by volume exceeds seventy-six (76)
- 4 percent.
- 5 (d) It shall be unlawful for any person holding a liquor
- 6 license to sell at retail any single can, bottle or other
- 7 container holding malt liquor that contains more than twenty-
- 8 four (24) fluid ounces.
- 9 (e) It shall be unlawful for any person holding a liquor
- 10 license to sell or give away items of drug paraphernalia, as
- defined in section 29-302 of this Code.
- 12 (f) It shall be unlawful for any person holding a liquor
- 13 license to sell products used to roll tobacco into
- 14 cigarettes, commonly referred to as rolling papers or
- 15 cigarette papers.
- 16 (g) It shall be unlawful for any person holding a liquor
- 17 license to sell or give away, for use off the premises,
- individual paper, plastic or other disposable-type beverage
- 19 cups.
- 20 (h) It shall be unlawful for any person holding a liquor
- license to display for sale any adult magazine, book, poster,
- or electronic media in such a manner that it can be viewed by
- those under the age of eighteen (18).
- 24 (Code 1969, § 6-26; Ord. No. 086-5553, § 2, 9-2-86; Ord. No.
- 25 008-105, § 1, 11-4-08; Ord. No. 010-030, § 1, 6-8-10; Ord. No.
- 26 O10-030, § 1, 6-8-10)
- 27 Sec. 6-28. Hours of operation.

(1)The licensee may sell or permit to be sold for (a) consumption on the licensed premises, alcoholic liquors 2 only between the following hours, unless otherwise 3 provided:

Day	Hours	
Monday through Thursday:	6:00 a.m. to 1:00 a.m. the following day	
Friday and Saturday:	6:00 a.m. to 2:00 a.m. the following day	
Sunday:	12:00 noon to 1:00 a.m. the following day	
The days before:		
Thanksgiving Day	6:00 a.m. to 2:00 a.m.	
New Year's Day	the following day	

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(2) Licensees holding Class A-Tavern, Class C-Package Liquor or Class G-Package Beer and Wine Liquor Licenses may sell or permit to be sold for consumption off the premises, alcoholic liquor only between the following hours:

Day	Hours
Monday through Thursday	6:00 a.m. to 11:00 p.m.
Friday and Saturday	6:00 a.m. to 1:00 a.m. the following day

Sunday	9:00 a.m. to 12:00 midnight

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- (3) Provided, however, that licensees located in the RiverEdge Redevelopment Plus Zone shall only sell alcoholic liquor, beer and permit to be sold beginning at 9:00 a.m. Sunday through Friday, and beginning at 7:00 a.m. on Saturday.
- 7 (4) Due to the primarily entertainment and exclusive nature 8 of this use, the Class L licensee may sell or permit to be 9 sold or consumed on or in its licensed premises, alcoholic 10 liquor beginning in no event earlier than 6:00 a.m. and 11 ending in no event later than 2:00 a.m.; however, alcohol 12 may not be sold or consumed prior to noon on Sundays 13 except in conjunction with a meal.
- (b) (1) New Year's Day. Any license, classifications which allow for the consumption of alcoholic liquor on the premises may remain open until 2:00 a.m. on New Years Day.

 Furthermore, any such establishment may request to sell alcoholic liquor between 2:00 a.m. and 4:00 a.m. on New Year's Day; provided that such request shall be subject to the following requirements:
- 21 a. A written request shall be submitted to the local 22 liquor control commissioner on or before December 15 23 prior to the date for which permission is sought.
- 24 b. The fee for said time extension shall be fifty dollars 25 (\$50.00) and shall be submitted with the application.

1 c. The licensee shall close and secure the doors at 2:00
2 a.m. so as not to allow any customers to enter the
3 premises after that hour.

- d. Such extension shall not be issued to those locations in the residential areas listed under subsection 6-13(c).
 - e. The local liquor control commissioner may deny such request from any establishment that has had its liquor license suspended within the past year or for any establishment that <u>currently</u> owes the city money or <u>has been found to be is</u> in violation of any city codes within the past twelve (12) months. Establishments with active alcohol-related public nuisance abatement plans will not be eligible for the extension of hours.
 - (2) Brunch hours. Licensees holding Class B-Fraternal Society or Club, Class E-Restaurant, Class H-Golf Course/Clubhouse, and Class J-Hotel (Full Service) Liquor Licenses may, in addition to the above-stated hours, sell or permit to be sold alcoholic liquor for consumption on the premises, provided said sale is in conjunction with service of a meal, on Sundays between 10:00 a.m. and 12:00 noon.
- (c) No person, except peace officers in the performance of law enforcement duties, the licensee and his employees or agents actually working, shall be present in a licensed premises between the hour of closing and the hour of opening as established in this section; provided, that if the license is issued for a business which is not predominantly for the sale of alcoholic liquor, such as hotels, bowling alleys, restaurants, clubs or retail stores, such licensee may keep

- 1 his place of business open, subject only to the provisions
- that no sale or consumption by persons shall be permitted on
- 3 the premises during the hours prohibited.
- 4 (Code 1969, § 6-27; Ord. No. 086-5553, § 2, 9-2-86; Ord. No.
- 5 093-05, § 1, 1-5-93; Ord. No. 093-45, § 1, 6-1-93; Ord. No. 094-
- 6 91, § 1, 9-6-94; Ord. No. 096-132, § 1, 12-10-96; Ord. No. 002-
- 7 158, § 11, 12-10-02; Ord. No. 010-030, § 1, 6-8-10; Ord. No.
- 8 O11-004, § 1, 3-8-11; Ord. No. O15-053, 8-25-15)
- 9 Sec. 6-29. Underaged/intoxicated persons.
- 10 (a) No person engaged in the retail sale of alcoholic liquor,
- or any other person, shall sell, give or deliver alcoholic
- 12 liquor to any person under the age of twenty-one (21).
- 13 (b) No person engaged in the retail sale of alcoholic liquor,
- or any other person, shall sell, give or deliver alcoholic
- 15 liquor to any intoxicated person or to any persons known by
- 16 him to be a habitual drunkard or an incompetent, nor shall
- any such person be permitted on the premises.
- 18 (c) No person under the age of twenty-one (21) years of age
- 19 shall misrepresent his age for the purpose of purchasing or
- 20 obtaining alcoholic liquor in any place within the City of
- 21 Aurora where liquor is sold or dispensed.
- 22 (d) No person shall give, sell or deliver any alcoholic liquor
- to any person under the age of twenty-one (21) years,
- 24 directly or indirectly.
- 25 (e) The possession or dispensing or consumption of alcoholic
- liquor by a minor in the performance of a religious service
- or ceremony is not prohibited by this section.

- 1 (f) No person under the age of twenty-one (21) years shall
- 2 purchase or obtain alcoholic liquor, directly or indirectly.
- 3 Nor shall such person possess or consume alcoholic liquor.
- 4 (g) It shall be unlawful for any owner, lessee or other legal
- 5 occupant of residential property to allow alcoholic beverages
- 6 to be served at a gathering of two (2) or more persons at
- 7 said residence where one or more of said persons is under
- 8 twenty-one (21) years of age and such underaged person is in
- 9 possession of or consuming any alcoholic beverage.
- 10 (h) Violation of this section is a Misdemeanor II.
- 11 (Code 1969, § 6-28; Ord. No. 086-5553, § 2, 9-2-86; Ord. No.
- 12 094-91, § 1, 9-6-94; Ord. No. 010-030, § 1, 6-8-10)
- 13 Sec. 6-30. Fine, suspension or revocation of licenses. Burden
- of proof; hearing procedures; remedies
- 15 (a) Burden of Proof
- 16 At a hearing regarding a violation of the code before the
- 17 local liquor control commissioner or the administrative
- hearings officer, the city shall have the initial burden of
- 19 proof to show, by a preponderance of evidence, that the
- 20 liquor licensed establishment has violated a section of the
- 21 code. However, at a hearing regarding the denial of a liquor
- 22 license before the local liquor control commissioner or the
- administrative hearings officer, the applicant shall have the
- 24 initial burden of proof to show, by clear and convincing
- 25 evidence that the applicant is suitable for licensing and
- meets the economic development goals for the location.
- 27 (b) Hearing Procedure

- 1 1. When the local liquor control commissioner finds a violation, he shall provide written notice of the violation indicating the name and address of the license holder, the type and nature of the violation, and the date the violation was observed. Said notice shall be sent in accordance with section 6-31.
- 2. All such hearings shall be open to the public and an official record shall be made by a certified court reporter in attendance.
- 3. Subpoenas. At any time prior to the hearing date, the
 administrative hearings officer, at the request of the
 local liquor control commissioner or attorney for the city,
 or the license holder or his attorney, issue subpoenas
 directing witnesses to appear and give testimony at the
 hearing.
- 4. Default. If on the date set for the hearing the license
 holder or his attorney fails to appear, the administrative
 hearing officer may find the license holder in default and
 shall proceed with the hearing and accept evidence relevant
 to the existence of a liquor code violation.

5. Continuances and representation at hearings. No continuances shall be authorized by the hearing officer in proceedings under this article except in cases where a continuance is absolutely necessary to protect the rights of the owner. Lack of preparation shall not be grounds for a continuance. Any continuance authorized by a hearing officer under this article shall not exceed twenty-five (25) days. The case for the city may be presented by an attorney designated by the city. However, in no event shall the case for the city be presented by the local liquor

control commissioner. The case for the license holder may
be presented by the owner, his attorney, or any other agent
or representative.

- 6. Evidence at hearing. At the hearing, a hearing officer shall preside and shall hear testimony and accept any evidence relevant to the existence or nonexistence of a code violation on the property indicated. In all hearings pursuant to this section, the evidence presented shall be reduced to writing and an official record of the proceedings maintained. The strict rules of evidence applicable to judicial proceedings shall not apply to hearings authorized by this article.
 - a) The hearing officer shall consider if the owner, his attorney, or any other agent or representative proves to the hearing officer's satisfaction that:
 - in fact exist, or at the time of the hearing the violation has been remedied or removed; provided, however, that if the code violation alleged in the notice has been charged to the license holder on the same property any time within the preceding twelve (12) months, then it shall not be a defense if at the time of hearing the violation has been remedied or removed.
 - of the licensed establishment and that in spite of reasonable attempts by the license holder to maintain the establishment free of such violations, the patrons caused the violations.

7. Findings, decision, and order. At the conclusion of the hearing, the hearing officer shall make a recommendation to the local liquor control commissioner on the basis of the evidence presented at the hearing, whether or not a violation exists. The recommendation to the local liquor control commissioner shall be in writing and may be incorporated into the local liquor control commissioner's findings, decision and order. The findings, decision and order shall include findings of fact, a decision whether or not a violation exists based upon the finding of fact, and an order for abatement of the nuisance activity or sanctioning the license holder, as specified in [subsection (9)] below, or dismissing the case in the event a violation is not proved.

- a) A copy of the findings, decision, and order shall be served upon the person in charge, or owner/occupant if different than the person in charge, within ten (10) business days. Service shall be in the same manner as specified in section 6-31.
 - b) Payment of any penalty or fine shall be made to the city finance department.
 - c) In the event that the order provides for the abatement of nuisance activity, the hearing officer shall establish a status date, which would be after the date established for the abatement of the nuisance activity, in order to determine whether there has been compliance with the order. At such time, the hearing officer shall hear testimony and accept any evidence relevant to the compliance with the order and continued abatement of the nuisance activity.

1 8. <u>If the local liquor control commissioner makes a</u>
2 <u>finding that a property was, or is, in violation of this</u>
3 chapter, he may impose any or all of the following remedies:

- a) Fine the license holder per 6-3(b)(3) for each violation of this section. Each day a nuisance activity occurs or continues shall be considered a separate and distinct violation. The local liquor control commissioner may, at his discretion, impose such a fine for each day the nuisance activity goes unabated. No licensee shall be found in violation of this section unless the city proves by a preponderance of the evidence that licensee failed to take reasonable and warranted measures to prevent the violation. In establishing the amount of any fine, the hearing officer may consider any of the following factors:
 - i) The actions taken by the licensee or his/her agent to mitigate or correct the activities at the licensed premise.
 - ii) The repeated or continuous nature of the problem.
- 20 iii) The magnitude or gravity of the problem.
- 21 iv) How cooperative the owner is with the city.
- v) The cost to the city of investigating, correcting, or attempting to correct the violation.
 - vi) Any other factor deemed relevant by the hearing officer. Evidence of a property's general reputation and/or the reputation of the persons in or frequenting it shall be admissible.
- 28 1. Order the owner to take reasonable, timely and lawful 29 measures to abate the nuisance activity or violation,

- including specifying deadlines for the same, and in furtherance thereof, may order a period of continued compliance wherein the matter will be returned before the hearing officer to update him/her as to the continued nuisance-free status of the property for a period of up to one (1) year. Abatement plans will follow the terms set forth in Sec. 6-33(a)(2).
- 2. Suspend/revoke the license for the establishment involved 8 9 in the activity. The local liquor control commissioner may order that said establishment be closed and secured against 10 11 all unauthorized access, use, and occupancy for a period of up to one (1) year. If the hearing officer suspends or 12 revokes the license, the owner of the establishment shall 13 receive written notice from the local liquor control 14 commissioner that the liquor license is suspended or 15 revoked, as the case may be. The suspension or revocation 16 of the liquor license shall not release or discharge the 17 18 license holder from paying fees or fines under this Code, nor shall such license holder be released from criminal 19 prosecution or further civil proceedings. 20
- 21 3. The local liquor control commissioner may, upon the issuance of a written order and without a hearing, suspend 22 a license based upon written notice from the Illinois 23 Liquor Control Commission that a licensee's state liquor 24 license has been revoked. Revocation of a license due to 25 26 the revocation of a state liquor license may only take 27 place after notice and a hearing in accordance with the procedures set forth in subsection (a) above. 28
- 29 (c) Appeal from the decision and order of the local liquor
 30 control commissioner rendered pursuant to this section shall

1 lie with the state liquor control commission and shall be on
2 the record, and not de novo.

- 4 (a) The local liquor control commissioner may impose a fine
 5 and/or suspend for any period up to thirty (30) days or
 6 revoke for cause any license issued by him if he determines
 7 that the licensee has violated any of the following
 8 provisions:
- 9 (1) The licensee has violated any law of the state, any
 10 ordinance of the county, or any ordinance of the City of
 11 Aurora, which affects the public health, welfare and
 12 safety and which violation occurred as part of the
 13 operation of the licensee's business or upon the licensed
 14 premises or adjacent premises.
- 15 (2) The licensee has violated any of the provisions of this
 16 chapter or any state law pertaining to the sale of
 17 alcoholic liquor.
- 18 (3) The licensee is more than forty-five (45) days
 19 delinquent in the payment of any debt to the city.
- 20 (4) For the purposes of this section, every licensee shall
 21 be deemed responsible for the acts of his agents or
 22 employees whether or not such licensee knowingly permits
 23 or has actual knowledge of such unlawful acts stated in
 24 this section.
- 25 (b) No fine, suspension or revocation shall be imposed except
 26 after a public hearing by the local liquor control
 27 commissioner in accordance with the following:

- 1 (1) The licensee shall be given a three-day written notice 2 affording the licensee an opportunity to appear and 3 defend.
- 4 (2) All such hearings shall be open to the public.
- 5 (3) If the local liquor control commissioner determines
 6 after such hearing that there should be a fine, revocation
 7 or suspension, he shall, within five (5) days after such
 8 hearing, state the reasons for such a determination in a
 9 written order and shall serve a copy of such order upon
 10 the licensee within five (5) days.
- 11 (4) In all hearings pursuant to this section, the evidence
 12 presented shall be reduced to writing and an official
 13 record of the proceedings maintained.
- 14 (c) If the local liquor control commissioner has reason to believe that any continued operation of a particular licensed 15 premises will immediately threaten the welfare of the 16 community or is deemed to have property maintenance, fire, 17 18 building or other code violations upon the premises for which the establishment is licensed, he may, upon the issuance of a 19 written order stating the reasons for such conclusion and 20 21 without notice of hearing, order the licensed premises closed for not more than seven (7) days, giving the licensee an 22 opportunity to be heard during that period; provided that if 23 such licensee shall also be engaged in the conduct of another 24 business or businesses on the licensed premises such order 25 shall not be applicable to such other business or businesses. 26
- The local liquor control commissioner may, upon the issuance
 of a written order and without a hearing, suspend a license
 based upon written notice from the Illinois Liquor Control
 Commission that a licensee's state liquor license has been

- 1 revoked. Revocation of a license due to the revocation of a
- 2 state liquor license may only take place after notice and a
- 3 hearing in accordance with the procedures set forth in
- 4 subsection (b) above.
- 5 (d) Appeal from the decision and order of the local liquor
- 6 control commissioner rendered pursuant to this section shall
- 7 lie with the state liquor control commission and shall be on
- 8 the record, and not de novo.
- 9 (Code 1969, § 6-29; Ord. No. 086-5553, § 2, 9-2-86; Ord. No.
- 10 002-158, § 12, 12-10-02; Ord. No. 010-030, § 1, 6-8-10)
- 11 Sec. 6-31. Penalties. Notices and service of process.
- 12 (a) Subject to the provisions of subsection (c), any notice,
- order of other process entered or issued by the commissioner
- 14 pursuant to this chapter may be served on a license holder or
- 15 applicant by certified mail addressed to the licensee or
- 16 applicant at the location of the licensed premises or the
- 17 mailing address contained in the license application. Service
- 18 shall be complete on the fourth day following mailing and may be
- 19 proven in any manner allowed by law.
- 20 (b) If the local liquor commissioner send such notice, the
- 21 notice shall contain the following information:
- 1. The street address of the establishment or a legal
- 23 description sufficient for identification of the
- establishment.
- 25 2. A statement that the matter is being referred to
- corporation counsel to be brought before an administrative
- 27 hearing officer, as defined in Sec. 6-31 of this Code, for
- a hearing.

- 1 3. If the person in charge notifies the local liquor
- 2 control commissioner within three (3) days of receipt of
- 3 the notice and agrees to abate the nuisance within ten (10)
- days, or take other agreed upon, timely, and warranted
- 5 measures, the local liquor control commissioner, at his
- 6 discretion, postpone referring the matter to corporation
- 7 <u>counsel.</u>
- 8 4. Service of notice shall be made either personally or by
- 9 first-class mail, postage prepaid, addressed to the person
- in charge at the address of the nuisance property, or such
- other place which is likely to give the person in charge
- notice of the determination of the local liquor control
- 13 commissioner.
- 14 5. The failure of any person to receive notice, as provided
- above, shall not invalidate or otherwise affect the
- proceedings under this chapter.
- 17 (c) Citations alleging a violation of this chapter and orders
- 18 entered by the local liquor control commissioner which are
- 19 appealable to the Illinois Liquor Control Commission shall be
- 20 served on a licensee or applicant in the manner permitted under
- 21 section 10-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act (5
- 22 ILCS 100/10-25).
- 23 (d) In addition to the persons designated by law, service upon a
- 24 resident manager or other person in charge of the licensed
- 25 premises at the time service is made, shall constitute effective
- 26 service on the licensee.
- 27 Any person violating any provisions of this chapter shall be
- 28 fined not less than twenty five dollars (\$25.00), nor more than
- 29 two thousand dollars (\$2,000.00), plus costs, for an offense,

- 1 and a separate offense shall be deemed committed on each day
- 2 during, or on which a violation occurs or continues.
- 3 (Code 1969, § 6-30; Ord. No. 086-5553, § 2, 9-2-86; Ord. No.
- 4 087-5622, § 1, 1-17-87; Ord. No. 008-105, § 1, 11-4-08; Ord. No.
- 5 010-030, § 1, 6-8-10)
- 6 Sec. 6-32. Transition.
- 7 (a) Any liquor license in effect September 2, 1986, and which
- 8 is in a location which would not qualify for an issuance of a
- 9 liquor license under this chapter shall be renewed yearly so
- 10 long as the license remains in force.
- 11 (b) Any liquor license in effect September 2, 1986, and which
- is held by a business whose primary purpose is other than the
- 13 sale of alcoholic liquor and would not qualify for ar
- issuance of a liquor license under this chapter shall be
- 15 renewed yearly so long as the license is issued to the
- 16 current owners. Any sale, transfer, or assignment of more
- than fifty (50) percent of the ownership of a business shall
- 18 terminate said license. In the event that such license is
- 19 held in the name of a corporation, the sale, transfer or
- 20 assignment of fifty (50) percent of the stock shall, in like
- 21 manner, terminate such license unless otherwise provided.
- 22 (Code 1969, § 6-32(c), (d); Ord. No. 086-5553, § 2, 9-2-86; Ord.
- 23 No. 094-91, § 1, 9-6-94; Ord. No. 010-030, § 1, 6-8-10)
- 24 Sec. 6-33. Nuisance prohibition.
- 25 (a) General nuisance. Alcohol related public nuisance. No
- licensee shall allow its licensed establishment to become a
- 27 nuisance as defined in this chapter. or to be operated in a
- 28 manner to constitute a public nuisance. It is a public

- 1 nuisance for patrons, invitees or employees of a licensed
- 2 premise to engage in a pattern of nuisance activity as defined
- 3 in this chapter. All notices shall be subject to the
- 4 provisions in sec. 6-31.
- 5 1. Exclusions.
- 6 Alcohol-related public nuisance shall exclude the same
- pursuant to Sec. 29-127.5 of the city code.
- 8 2. Procedure
- 9 a. When the local liquor commissioner receives notice of one
 10 (1) or more occurrences of alcohol-related public
 11 nuisance activity attributable to an alcoholic liquor
 12 establishment, then the local liquor control commissioner
 13 may at his discretion, do one the following:
 - 1. Notify the licensee that the establishment is in danger of becoming an alcohol related public nuisance. If the local liquor control commissioner sends such notice, shall include the following:
 - a. A statement that the city has information that the establishment may be an alcohol related public nuisance along with a concise description of the nuisance activities that exist or have occurred. The local liquor control commissioner shall offer the licensee an opportunity to propose a course of action that will abate the alcohol related public nuisance activities giving rise to the violation.

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1	b. Demand that the licensee respond to the
2	local liquor control commissioner within ten
3	(10) business days to discuss the alcohol
4	related public nuisance activities.
5	2. Issue a violation notice to the liquor license
6	<pre>holder.</pre>
7	b. When the local liquor control commissioner receives
8	documentation of the occurrence of additional
9	alcohol related public nuisance activity at the same
10	establishment after notice has been given within the
11	previous twelve (12) months, as specified in section 6-
12	33(2)(a), the local liquor control commissioner, at his
13	discretion, may do one or both of the following:
14 15	1. Notify the owner, in writing, that the property has been determined to be an alcohol related public
16	nuisance property;
17	2. Issue a violation notice to the liquor license
18	<pre>holder.</pre>
19	3. Options of holder upon violation notice; hearing
20	a. The holder of the license of the alcoholic liquor
21	establishment cited in a violation notice shall
22	respond to the violation notice in one of the
23	following manners:
24	1 If a pattern of alcohol-related public nuisance
25	activity has not been previously found to have
26	existed attributable to the alcoholic liquor
27	establishment, the holder of the license of the
28	alcoholic liquor establishment may notify the local

1 liquor control commissioner, in writing, that the 2 alcoholic liquor establishment agrees to institute 3 a nuisance abatement plan that meets the 4 requirements of this division by the deadline 5 stated on the violation notice which, upon 6 implementation of the approved plan, shall operate as the final disposition of the violation notice; 7 8 or 9 2 By attending the hearing on the merits of the 10 violation notice at the time and date specified on the violation notice or at which hearing the holder 11 12 of the license of the alcoholic liquor 13 establishment cited in a violation notice shall 14 have the opportunity to contest the merits of the alleged violation. 15 16 b. Hearings shall be held in accordance to sec. 6-30. 4. Determination of liability. 17 18 A final determination that an alcoholic liquor 19 establishment is a public nuisance or is being operated in a manner to constitute a public nuisance 20 shall occur following: 21 1 The failure by a person served with a violation 22 23 notice to attend the hearing to contest the alleged violation in the time and manner specified in the 24 25 violation notice and the local liquor control commissioner's determination of liability; or 26 2 The local liquor control commissioner's 27

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determination of liability following a hearing.

- b. Upon a final determination that an alcoholic liquor establishment is a public nuisance or is being operated in a manner to constitute a public nuisance, the local liquor control commissioner may require the alcoholic liquor establishment to institute a nuisance abatement plan, may enter a fine, may suspend the alcoholic liquor establishment's license, or any combination thereof.
 - c. If an alcoholic liquor establishment fails to implement or fails to comply with the requirements of a nuisance abatement plan after having agreed or having been ordered to implement a nuisance abatement plan, the local liquor control commissioner may, in addition to any other authorized sanction, revoke the alcoholic liquor establishment's license.
 - d. Upon a final determination that an alcoholic liquor establishment is a public nuisance or is being operated in a manner to constitute a public nuisance after the implementation of a nuisance abatement plan or the failure to implement a nuisance abatement plan after having agreed or having been ordered to do so, the local liquor control commissioner may, in addition to any other authorized sanction, revoke the alcoholic liquor establishment's license.

5. Abatement plan.

A nuisance abatement plan for an alcoholic liquor establishment shall, at a minimum, meet the following requirements:

a. An exterior and interior safety plan approved by the 1 2 police chief or his/her designee or the local liquor control commissioner designed to prevent: 3 1. Excessive noise by patrons, invitees or employees 4 5 entering or exiting the alcoholic liquor 6 establishment; 7 2. Loitering or littering by patrons, invitees or employees of the alcoholic liquor establishment; 8 9 and 3. Fighting or other criminal activity by patrons, 10 invitees or employees of the alcoholic liquor 11 12 establishment. b. An exterior lighting and video monitoring plan 13 approved by the police chief or his/her designee or 14 the local liquor control commissioner to include: 15 1. Video surveillance cameras (minimum 720p 16 resolution) installed at each building exit 17 18 utilized by the general public deployed in such a manner so as to identify persons entering or 19 exiting the alcoholic liquor establishment from 20 21 dusk to closing time; 2. Digital or tape recording equipment which 22 23 captures the images recorded by the video surveillance cameras and a system by which the 24 25 images are retained for a minimum for fourteen 26 (14) days. The plan shall include a requirement that the images shall be made available to any 27

	law enforcement officer requesting the images
	pursuant to an official investigation;
3.	Adequate exterior lighting to enable the video
	surveillance cameras to record clear images of
	persons entering or exiting the alcoholic liquor
	establishment from dusk until closing time; and
4.	The employment of adequately trained security
	personnel to monitor the behavior of persons
	entering or exiting the alcoholic liquor
	establishment from dusk to closing time.
C. An i	nterior plan restricting the access to alcohol by
the <u>j</u>	police chief or his/her designee or the local
lique	or control commissioner to include:
1.	Restricting access of alcoholic liquor sales and
	storage by physical barrier that is separate from
	the sale and storage of other merchandise offered
	for retail sale at the licensed premises; or
2.	Re-location of alcohol liquor sales and storage
	to a different location of the
	store/establishment to prevent theft or other
	types of crime.
	hments will be seen as no longer being an alcohol-
related pul	blic nuisance upon determination by the local
liquor cont	rol commissioner that no additional incidents have
occurred an	d the establishment has followed through will all
recommendat:	ions and shall be reviewed no later than twelve
(12) months	after its creation

1 (b) Habitually intoxicated persons nuisance. No licensee shall
2 allow its licensed establishment to become a nuisance as
3 defined in this subsection by selling or giving alcoholic
4 liquor to known habitual drunkards.

- (1) Declaration of policy. A person who is habitually intoxicated may lack self-control as to the use of alcoholic beverages and use such beverages to the extent that their health is substantially impaired or endangered and their social or economic functioning is substantially disrupted. Such conduct is dangerous to the individual and to others. It is in the interest of the health, safety and welfare of the citizens of the City of Aurora to prohibit the harmful conduct of habitually intoxicated persons, and it is a reasonable exercise of the city's police powers to enforce these provisions to prohibit a retailer from selling alcoholic liquor to these habitually intoxicated persons.
- 18 (2) Definition. A known habitually intoxicated person is a 19 person who, within the past one hundred eighty (180) days:
 - (i) Has been convicted of six (6) or more civil or criminal offenses, in which the police reports or other evidence indicate that the police officer who made the arrest determined, based upon the training and experience of the officer, that the person was under the influence of alcohol at the time of the commission of the offense, or
 - (ii) Has been transported and hospitalized six (6) or more times under conditions where the person appeared to be incapacitated by alcohol and in need of emergency treatment, or

- (iii) Has been subject to any combination of arrests and convictions under subparagraph (i) and hospitalized under subparagraph (ii) that equals or exceeds six (6) times.
 - (iv) Where a person from the same incident has been both convicted of a civil or criminal offense, as defined in subparagraph (i), and has been hospitalized under subparagraph (ii), both the arrest and the hospitalization may be counted separately for the calculation provided in subparagraph (iii).
 - (v) A person may voluntarily request that their name be added to the list of known habitually intoxicated persons. Such a request shall be made in writing and shall be submitted to the police chief.
 - (3) Maintenance of list.

- (i) The police chief or his designee shall maintain a list of known habitually intoxicated persons and shall, in his judgment, determine the format and content of the list. The chief or designee shall periodically review the format of the list. Whenever the chief determines that a person meets the definition of a known habitually intoxicated person, as provided in subparagraph (2), the chief or designee shall cause the name of that person to be placed on said list, as provided in this section, along with a photograph of the person, which reasonably represents the likeness of the person.
 - (ii) Petition for removal. If one hundred and eighty (180) days have passed from the time the name of a person has been placed on the list, and the person has

not either been convicted of an offense under subparagraph (2)(i), or has not been hospitalized during that one hundred eighty (180) day period, that person may petition the chief to remove their name from the list, pursuant to this Section, by filing a written request with the city clerk, stating that they qualify removal from the list. Upon verification that within the past one hundred eighty (180) days the person has not either been convicted of an offense under subparagraph (2)(i), or has not been hospitalized during that one hundred eighty (180) day period, the chief shall remove the name of the person from the list.

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- (iii) Removal by chief. On or about January 1 of each year, the chief or his designee shall review the list of known habitually intoxicated persons, and shall remove the names of all persons who during the prior six (6) months, has not been convicted of an offense under subparagraph (2)(i) and who has not been hospitalized.
- (4)Notice. When the chief or designee determines that a the definition of known person meets а habitually intoxicated person, the chief or designee shall provide the person with a written notice, prepared by the chief or designee, that their name will be placed on the list of known habitually intoxicated persons. The notice shall inform the person of their right to appeal determination of the chief or designee as provided in this section. The chief or designee shall keep a record of the date and time that the person was provided with such written notice.

(5) Appeals.

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- (i) A person who has been informed in writing by the chief or designee that their name will be placed on the list of known habitually intoxicated persons, may appeal the determination of the chief or designee by filing a written objection with the city clerk within five (5) business days of receiving the notice from the chief or designee. The content of an appeal shall be liberally construed so that, as long as the person appealing provides timely written notice that states that he or she objects to being placed on the list of known habitually intoxicated persons, the appeal shall be deemed to be in proper form.
 - (ii) Hearing officer. The local liquor control commissioner or the local liquor hearing officer shall serve as hearing officer for appeals under this section, and shall have authority to conduct hearings upon the filing of a written objection as provided herein.
 - (iii) Authority of hearing officer. The hearing officer shall have the authority to administer oaths and shall be responsible for the fair, orderly and impartial conduct of the hearing and the preservation of the exhibits and record therein.
 - (iv) Procedure. All proceedings and testimony shall be recorded on tape. A copy of the tape recordings shall be supplied to anyone requesting the same at the requestor's expense. If either party requests a stenographic recording and transcription, the hearing

officer shall make the necessary arrangements, but the expense shall be borne by the requesting party.

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- (V) Standard of proof. In the hearing, the chief the burden of proving designee shall have preponderance of the evidence that the person has been convicted of six (6) or more civil or criminal offenses, where the police reports or other evidence indicate that the person was under the influence of alcohol at the time of the commission of the offense; or that the person has been hospitalized six (6) or more times under conditions where the person appeared to be incapacitated by alcohol and in need of emergency treatment; or has been subject to any combination of convictions and hospitalizations that equals or exceeds six (6) times. If after the hearing, the hearing officer finds that there is not a preponderance of evidence of any combination of six (6) convictions or hospitalizations, as provided herein, the hearing officer shall enter an order granting the appeal and the chief or his designee shall remove the person's name from the list of known habitually intoxicated persons. If after the hearing, the hearing officer finds that there is a preponderance of the evidence that the person has been subject to any combination of six (6) or more convictions or hospitalizations, the hearing officer shall deny the appeal and the chief or his designee shall retain the persons' name on the list of known habitually intoxicated persons.
- (vi) Finality of appeal. All orders of the hearing officer shall be final administrative determinations and shall be subject to review in court as by law may

be provided from time to time. Any party to the proceeding may seek review thereof within thirty (30) days of service by mail of the final determination of the hearing officer. In addition, written notice of any request for judicial review shall be given by the party seeking review to all parties who appeared at the proceeding before the hearing officer, with said notice to be sent by first class mail to each party's last known address. The institution of the proceeding for judicial review shall not stay the decision and order of the hearing officer; however, the reviewing court may order a stay upon such terms as it deems proper.

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- (6) Distribution of list. The city clerk shall distribute the list of known habitually intoxicated person to each class of licensee in the city on a semi-annual basis.
- Retailers prohibited. It shall be unlawful for any licensee to sell, dispense, give away or aid and abet the receipt of alcoholic liquor beverages to a person whose and photograph appears on the list of habitually intoxicated persons. aid and To receipt of alcoholic liquor means to sell, dispense or give alcoholic liquor to anyone the licensee knows should know is receiving any portion of alcoholic liquor on behalf of or for the benefit of a known habitually intoxicated person. If the city clerk has provided a copy of the most current list to the licensee, at the address of the licensee as listed by the city clerk, it shall not be a defense that the licensee did not have a copy of the most current list. If a licensee has no prior convictions for violation of this section, and has not previously received a warning, the local liquor commissioner shall

- formally warn the licensee that any future violations will
- 2 result in a liquor violation hearing. The city clerk shall
- 3 be responsible for maintaining a list of those licensees
- 4 who have received warnings under this section.
- 5 (8) Review. The chief or designee shall annually review to
- 6 ascertain the efficacy of this section in deterring
- 7 alcohol consumption by habitually intoxicated persons.
- 8 (9) Penalty. Penalty for violation of this section shall be
- 9 as provided in this chapter.
- 10 (Ord. No. 093-62, § 2, 8-3-93; Ord. No. 010-030, § 1, 6-8-10;
- 11 Ord. No. 015-053, 8-25-15)
- 12 Sec. 6-34. Prohibited conduct.
- 13 (a) It shall be unlawful for any licensee to allow or permit
- any lewdness or soliciting for prostitution on the licensed
- 15 premises.
- 16 (b) The following kinds of conduct are prohibited:
- 17 (1) The performance of acts, or simulated acts, of sexual
- intercourse, masturbation, sodomy, bestiality, oral
- 19 copulation, flagellation or any sexual acts.
- 20 (2) The actual or simulated touching, caressing or fondling
- of the breast, buttocks, anus or genitals.
- 22 (3) The actual or simulated displaying of the breasts,
- buttocks, pubic hair, anus, vulva or genitals.
- 24 (4) The permitting, by a licensee, of any person to remain
- in or upon the licensed premises who exposes to public
- view his or her entire breasts or genitals, vulva or anus.

- 1 (5) The displaying of moving pictures, photographs,
 2 photographic slide presentations or computerized
 3 presentations depicting acts or simulated acts of sexual
 4 intercourse, masturbation, sodomy, bestiality, oral
 5 copulation, flagellation or any sexual act.
- 6 (6) Erotic dancing when such dancing is not confined to the
 7 stage area and is performed for individuals or small
 8 groups of patrons. Additionally, there shall be no
 9 physical contact permitted between the performers and the
 10 viewing public.
- 11 (Ord. No. 093-76, § 1, 9-21-93; Ord. No. 094-91, § 1, 9-6-94;
- 12 Ord. No. 002-158, § 13, 12-10-02; Ord. No. 010-030, § 1, 6-8-10)
- 13 ARTICLE II. LOCAL LIQUOR CONTROL HEARING OFFICER
- 14 Sec. 6-35. Creation and purpose.
- 15 Up to two (2) local liquor control hearing officers ("hearing
- 16 officer") are hereby created for the purpose of assisting the
- 17 local liquor control commissioner ("liquor commissioner") in the
- 18 exercise of the powers and the performance of the duties
- 19 assigned to him, under state law, as the local liquor
- 20 commissioner.
- 21 (Ord. No. 014-021, § 2, 5-13-14)
- 22 Sec. 6-36. Hearing officer.
- 23 All liquor control hearing officers shall be appointed by the
- 24 liquor commissioner and confirmed by the city council. A hearing
- 25 officer shall not have any ownership interest in, or be employed
- 26 by, any licensed establishment, nor have a spouse, parent,

- 1 sibling, or child that has, or acquires any ownership interest
- 2 in, or is employed by, any licensed establishment.
- 3 (Ord. No. 014-021, § 2, 5-13-14)
- 4 Sec. 6-37. Powers and duties.
- 5 The powers and duties of a liquor control hearing officer
- 6 shall be those assigned by the liquor commissioner and may
- 7 include, without limitation:
- 8 To conduct disciplinary hearings at the request of the corporation counsel and/or the liquor commissioner and to 9 and recommendations 10 submit findings to the commissioner setting forth his conclusions respecting the 11 existence and nature of any violation of this chapter. If 12 13 the liquor commissioner chooses to vary from recommendation of a liquor control hearing officer, he 14 will provide his reasoning to him. Each hearing officer 15 shall receive a copy of all final decisions of the liquor 16 commissioner. 17
- create a written record of his 18 (2)meetings proceedings which shall be open to the public 19 20 accordance with the Illinois Freedom of Information Act, 5 ILCS 140/1, et seq., provided that such records shall not 21 include matters concerning the applicants or licensees 22 which could result in an invasion of privacy. All such 23 records shall be forwarded to the city clerk within thirty 24 25 (30) days of approval and kept by the city clerk.
- 26 (3) To assist the liquor commissioner in the performance of 27 his powers and duties as requested by the liquor 28 commissioner.

- 1 (4) As compensation for said duties, a hearing officer shall 2 be paid seventy-five dollars (\$75.00) for hearings that 3 are of a duration of up to ninety (90) minutes, and one 4 hundred fifty dollars (\$150.00) total compensation for 5 hearings in excess of ninety (90) minutes duration.
- 6 (Ord. No. 014-021, § 2, 5-13-14)