

Sec. 29-16. - Disorderly conduct.

(a) A person commits disorderly conduct when he knowingly:

- (1) Does any act in such an unreasonable manner as to ~~provoke, make or aid in making a breach of the peace~~ alarm or disturb another and to provoke a breach of the peace;
- (2) Does or makes any unreasonable or offensive act, utterance, gesture or display which, under the circumstances, creates a clear and present danger of a breach of the peace or imminent threat of violence;
- (3) ~~Fails to obey a lawful order of dispersal by a person known by him to be a peace officer under circumstances where three (3) or more persons are committing or appear to be committing acts of disorderly conduct in the immediate vicinity, which acts are likely to cause substantial harm, serious inconvenience or alarm~~ Reserved;
- (4) ~~Assembles with three (3) or more persons for the purpose of using force or violence to disturb the public peace~~ Reserved;
- (5) ~~Goes about begging or soliciting funds on the public ways, except as otherwise permitted by city ordinance~~ Reserved;
- (6) Appears in any public place and is manifestly under the influence of alcohol, narcotics or other drug not therapeutically administered, to the degree that he may endanger himself or other persons or property, or alarm or disturb other persons in his vicinity;
- (7) Transmits in any manner to the fire department a false alarm of fire, knowing at the time of such transmission that there is no reasonable ground for believing that such fire exists;
- (8) Transmits in any manner to another a false alarm to the effect that a bomb or other explosive of any nature is concealed in such place that its explosion would endanger human life, knowing at the time of such transmission that there is no reasonable ground for believing that such bomb or explosive is concealed in such place;
- (9) Transmits in any manner to any peace officer, public officer or public employee a report to the effect that an offense has been committed, knowing at the time of such transmission that there is no reasonable ground for believing that such an offense has been committed;
- (10) Enters upon the property of another and for a lewd or unlawful purpose deliberately looks into a dwelling on the property through any window or other opening in it.
- (11) Calls the number "911" for the purpose of making or transmitting a false alarm or complaint and reporting information when, at the time the call or transmission is made, the person knows there is no reasonable ground for making the call or transmission and further knows that the call or transmission could result in the emergence response of any public safety agency;
- (12) Transmits or causes to be transmitted in any manner to the police department or fire department of the City, or any privately owned and operated ambulance service, a false request for an ambulance, emergency medical technician-ambulance or emergency medical technician-paramedic knowing at the time there is no reasonable ground for belief that the assistance is required;

(b) Disorderly conduct shall constitute a misdemeanor.

(c) This section shall not be construed to suppress the right to lawful assembly, picketing, public speaking or other lawful means of expressing public opinion not in contravention of other laws.

(Code 1969, § 29-1)

State Law reference— Disorderly conduct, ~~Ill. Rev. Stat. Ch. 38, ¶ 26-1~~ 720 ILCS 5/26-1.